Well, we come again. There's no money in it, but we will send ten papers for the campaign for $1.00.

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State Library

MARK HANNA THE OPPRESSOR.

How Major McKinley Became a Slave to the Money Power Through a Few Big Notes.

MIGHT AGAINST MIGHT

The Republican Boss' Terrible Record in His Treatment of the Workingman—Rules Politics and He Does Labor—Owns the Republican Party and Would Buy McKinley Into the White House.

A reporter by the name of A. H. Lewis, of the New York Journal, gives a long sketch of Hanna, ruler of the Republican party, from which we here give a short extract: "'Do you believe you can elect McKinley, Mr. Hanna?' 'McKinley will be our next President. If we can't elect him one way, we can another.'"

Hanna is as terrible in politics as in business; he does not care any more for public rights than for private rights. With honest and dishonest means—with tricks and treason—Mark Hanna goes to, war, and he will elect his man. It is well that the world should know these things, and we can be satisfied with the black expression that lies in his word. Wrong does not always win. Right is sometime the winner and the devil has often been made to retire.

Mark Hanna is the laborer's warmest enemy, and for thirty years he has torn them like a wolf. With open money power this is a war between the rich and the poor; it is power against suffering flesh and blood. The question is: Shall the many continue to labor and suffer for the few? Shall their life blood be drawn out? Shall the widows' and orphans' homes be ruined? Shall the nation be robbed by a syndicate? Shall the Pharisee sit in the highest office in the land? Shall the money changer live in the temple? Shall there be another crucifixion?

If the laboring classes neglect to take care of their own interest in the crisis, then they deserve the chains that are forged for them. If the common American people cannot defend themselves against the enemy of freedom—the freedom inherited from their fathers—will their weakness deserve punishment? Shall the institutions founded by George Washington and defended by Grant, at last be footstools for Hanna? The time has now come to find out. McKinley is not the main figure in this campaign; Hanna is all. The candidate is swallowed up by the leader. The Canton man is only the syndicate's chip to gain the White House. McKinley can perhaps win this campaign, but the victory will not be his. The syndicate that prepared him is driving him; they pay his entrance money and his stable bills, and will take and pocket the price. Make the man of Canton President, and he will live in the White House as servant for a ring; he will hold the office in their place. He will divide the public offices and do all after Hanna's orders, so that the members of this syndicate that has spent millions to gain the victory can in return gain the honor and money power for which this election war is planned. In this fight, carried on after these dark, unprincipled means and methods under the eye and direction of Hanna, the question and the whole interest is: Who is Hanna? What is he? What is his early life? Tell us what is his record of good to the public.

He is the center of the situation. The syndicate is in the saddle and the candidate is under it with the syndicate's spurs on his loins. They have bought McKinley—bought and paid for him like a horse; they have housed and furnished him money for five years, that they might ride him into the White House in 1896. In 1893 they got an unexpected big layout. They were obliged to wash him clean of the mud and sham spots of Walker's failure and out of this came unexpectedly $118,000 in McKinley's notes. What should the syndicate that had already begun their operations do? They had to pay these notes and did so. And when you read this, let Hanna answer this question: Where are these $118,000 McKinley notes now? They are well preserved in the iron vault of the syndicate that paid them and took them up; well preserved in the Cleveland, O., Savings bank vault under the care of Cashier Henrick. These notes were not destroyed by the far-seeing millionaires who took McKinley out of the claws of his creditors. No, these notes were never given back to McKinley either. They were preserved as a mortgage deed on the candidate whose fight the syndicate makes. These notes are in full power, due and unpaid. They could spring up for decision in any court in the country. They could inspire a law suit and settle things against the Presidential candidate with whom this ring has fallen so much in love. By the power of these notes they tell McKinley what to say or make him be still. They build a platform and he stands upon it. McKinley is held in bondage and slavery.

Free, he was for silver; bound, bought and owned, he is for gold. He is for anything and everything. He is here and he is there: He is stunned or finds his voice word for word, dictated by the syndicate. Is this not a nice conditional right to set up for a king—for the voter kings of America? What a proud day it will be for this country when a President takes a seat in the White House, absolutely the slave of a syndicate and led by them with a halter!

Why don't they give back McKinley's notes? Why do they hold these $118,000 in power as a living punisement of law?

Is it because they can make a better President for the country while the syndicate is holding such a cannon and the President is the sight.

Much is said about Bryan being so young. It would be better if McKinley was as young. His years will not help him so long as he is in the lion's grasp. Bryan is free. A young man free is better than a prisoner let him be ever so old.

Let us now glance over Hanna person. By the size of his coat and hat we would think he was a common man, but that is a mistake. He has energy and power, brains and endurance that never fail; nerves that never go back. Hanna has an iron will that is tyranny itself and with a bottomless appetite for money.

When the civil war broke out he was 23 years old, instead of going to the flag of his country, he stepped behind the desk and commenced piling up dollars. A millionaire never goes to war. This is written for the laborer. There are many of them that earn their bread by the sweat of their brows, who do not yet know Hanna. Others of these back-bent, weather-beaten people know him already too well. In the starved-out coal mines of Spring Valley, on the steamship landings of the great Lakes, in every hole in Pennsylvania and Ohio where coal is dug, iron melted, and oil pumped; on the street car lines of Cleveland, O., and in many other places where man is rabbit, Mark Hanna is well known. The sound of his name is the signal for a dark cloud on the forehead like a storm of condemnation. It is shown to everybody at a glance just what he is. Oppressor without mercy; king over all on his big pay roll.

Hanna was 23 years old when Sumpter fell. While others ran to the flag, he took the Government contracts, filled his pockets, and now he is owner of $20,000,000. He owns iron mines, copper mines and coal mines in Michigan, and coal mines in Illinois, Ohio and Pennsylvania. He owns whole fleets of ships on the lakes, and is transporting coal up and iron down; he has big wharves and builds his own ships; he is interested from Duluth to New York, with business offices in every town on either side of the big lakes. Hanna is the ruling spirit wherever his interest is; if he can't control it all he comes out. Owning a private estate of $20,000,000, he rules in politics over ten times as much. He can march in front of a capital of $200,000,000 and be obeyed as promptly as a general of an army in war. This, in connection with an emergency that never fails and a heart as hard as stone and cold as ice, constitutes Mark Hanna's power.

Mark Hanna employs thousands of workmen. He has fought every one of them in attempts to strike. You find hardly one in his employ who does not hate him with fire and flame. Why? Because he lives on them; he eats them at every opportunity. He got 95 per cent. of his $20,000,000 by oppressing his workmen. His first fight in his war against the laborer was with the Sailors or Seamen's Union on the lakes. Hanna and his plot made $10,000,000 on the strike, and the many women and children that should have lived on this will never trouble Mr. Hanna or his partners any more

This is the same Hanna that now owns McKinley. Later on he was instrumental in disorganizing the mine laborers in Pennsylvania. With his assistance was the street car organization in Cleveland wiped out. The Central Union has asked if this is not so, but no answer has yet come. Mr. Hanna is now sending for Peter Witt, the President and leader of the Central Union, and wants to compromise with him.

For thirty years Hanna has been in the habit of importing pauper labor from Europe to take the strikers places, and in every fight has used the Pinkerton's and similar tribes to shoot and stab the laborers who are fighting for the support of their families. He has made them strike time after time and at least 10,000 men have been wounded and over one thousand found their deaths in the fight with his hired butchers. A union man cannot today get work in Hanna's shops, and every one that is in his employ is discharged. The first question when any one asks for work is, "Do you belong to a union?" If he says "yes," he is thrown out of doors. The only union that has a high esteem for Hanna is Pinkerton's; they have the highest esteem for him. Not a meeting can be called by the laborers where Hanna's interests are, without his detectives being present. They take down every name of Hanna's laborers, and, quick—away with him. This is Hanna's friendship for the laborer. And now he holds the Presidential candidate in his hand as almighty as he holds his laborers' future under his tyranny and power.

He bought the Cleveland Herald and turned out all the Union printers. He built a house and turned out all the Union masons, plasterers and mechanics of every kind; but, now, as he wants their votes for Mckinley, he wants to see Peter Witt.

Some time ago he hired all the men he could for his coal mines, and they were working night and day—2,000,000, tons of coal were laid on the dump. Then at once he cut the wages down one-half and made them strike. The coal production stopped and Hanna raised the price $2 per ton. On this speculation he made $4,000,000. He reached his aim.

This is Hanna, he who owns the candidate for President, and intends to buy him into the White House. He owns the Republican party. Lincoln would turn over in his grave if he knew how miserable the Republican party now is.

Compensation Expected.

Why should Mr. Vanderbilt be interested to the extent of $100,000 in the result of the election? Personally, has he anything more at stake than any other man? Certainly not, you'll admit, if you are at all intelligent. His life and body will have the same protection that every other man has, and really, in this respect, he expects no more, and not a penny of his contribution is given with the idea that he is to have any more in that respect. This being true, then, what is the object of giving this princely sum? His property interests are at stake, are they not? This is the motive, then, that opens his pocket book or treasure vault. He expects value received in return for that contribution in the shape of legislation and a financial policy that will protect his property interests. No other motive actuated this gift. And yet in the face of these munificent gifts of millionaires to swell the enormous sums expended in political campaigns, we're told that legislation has nothing to do with our business interests. We are told that money cannot be legislated into men's pockets, etc. These princely sums given by railway corporations, tariff barons, manufacturers and millionaires to swell the bar'ls of campaign committees give the lie to all such declarations.—People's Banner.

Don't put off Registering--only one more chance, Saturday, October 17th.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE

Republicans Greatly Chagrined Over Electoral Fusion—Trying to Breed Dissension.

AS THE SITUATION STANDS

Bryan's Election Almost a Certainty—Coercion and Intimidation of Working Men Reacting Upon McKinley's Chances—Hanna's Emissaries at Work in Nearly Every State Where Electoral Fusion Has Been Arranged.

Special to The Caucasian.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 10th, 1896.—During the last week a joint electoral ticket has been arranged in West Virginia, by which the Populists get the electors-at-large, and the Democrats the four district electors. This arrangement makes West Virginia certain, while before the McKinley people were claiming the State. So far, joint electoral tickets have been made in twenty-eight States, in nearly every one of which the Peoples party has secured a larger proportion of the electoral vote than the strength of the respective parties would seem to justify.

The Republicans are greatly chagrined over the arrangements recently made in Indiana and West Virginia. Through their emissaries they did everything in their power to prevent joint electoral tickets from being made in these two States; and now, have these same emissaries at work in these two States, as well as in nearly every other State, trying to breed dissensions and get as many Democrats and Populists as possible so rebel against these joint electoral tickets, under one pretext or another. In fact, joint electoral tickets have been arranged in a sufficient number of States to make the defeat of McKinley and the gold standard certain. Mark Hanna realizes that his only hope now is to try to prevent the people from supporting these joint electoral tickets. The patriotism of the voters can be depended upon, however, to defeat this last hope and scheme to fasten the gold standard upon the nation.

HOW THE SITUATION STANDS.

The outlook has greatly improved during the last ten days. The reaction has set in all over the country against the Republican boodle campaign. The masses of the voters have begun to realize that the monopolists and trusts are putting up millions of dollars to try to buy the election in order that these trusts and monopolists can fatten upon the masses of the people for another four years. Information received at the headquarters of the Peoples Party and of the Democratic party, so far, indicate that the following States are almost absolutely safe, with the prospects brightening each day.

Alabama	11	North Dakota	3
Arkansas	8	South Dakota	4
Florida	4	Utah	3
Georgia	13	Washington	4
Louisiana	8	Wyoming	3
Mississippi	9	Kentucky	13
Missouri	17	Kansas	10
South Carolina	9	Nebraska	8
Tennessee	12	Indiana	15
Texas	15	North Carolina	11
Virginia	12	Oregon	4
Colorado	4	California	9
Idaho	3	Maryland	8
Montana	3	West Virginia	6
Nevada	3	Total	232

The above States which are now reasonably certain for Bryan, with a certainty of gaining steadily to the election, gives two hundred and thirty-two electoral votes, or eight more than enough to elect.

It will be noticed that in the above table is not included States like Illinois, with twenty-four votes; Delaware with three; Minnesota, with nine, Michigan with fourteen, and Iowa with thirteen. In these States Bryan's chances are at least even. In fact, if the election was to take place tomorrow, it is almost certain that he would carry several of these States, if not all ot them; and there is every indication that the silver sentiment will be stronger in these States on the third of November than at present. Thus it will be seen that Bryan can be elected if all these Central Western States, which are considered the fighting ground in the campaign should go for McKinley. If the reaction against Hanna's boodle campaign continues, as it has set in during the last ten days, Bryan will have votes to spare in the electoral college. Today, even Ohio is trembling in the balance, and may go for Bryan. As we have said above, there is, in fact, but one danger now, and that is Hanna's efforts to try to get dissensions on the joint electoral tickets.

The information received at headquarters show that the labor vote will probably vote more unitedly this year than ever before. The efforts at coercion and intimidation by the employers of labor was never before greater than it is this year, and the manhood of the laboring man is now beginning to rebel against his master, who, not satisfied with making him an industrial slave, is now trying to make him a political vassal also. The gold people made an appointment a few days ago for Powderly, in Chicago, advertised him as a great labor leader, and did everything in their power to get the laboring men out to hear him. But the laboring people, believing that Powderly was in the pay of their enemy, refused to go out to hear him. He had only a handful of people in a large Opera House. Information is received from a number of points where emissaries are sent to talk to laboring men in the interest of the gold standard, to the effect that the results of all of these efforts have been to arouse the manhood of the laboring men, and make them come out boldly and declare for Bryan and silver.

The State election in Florida shows a falling off in the Democratic vote. It is understood that the two great Railway systems in that State will do everything in their power to give the electoral vote of the State to McKinley. But if a joint electoral ticket can be arranged there, the State is safe.

THE GEORGIA ELECTION.

In answer to a telegram received from the evening Journal of Atlanta to-day, Chairman Butler sent the following dispatch to that paper, which gives the view of headquarters here concerning the Georgia election. It is as follows:

The Evening Journal, Atlanta Ga.:

It is almost certain that a majority of the white votes of Georgia was cast for the Peoples Party State ticket. This is a great gain over the party's last vote, and is due to the personal popularity of Tom Watson in his own State, and to the desire of the people to rebuke the management of the Democratic party in the State affairs of Georgia. Evidently the Democratic party is indebted to the negro vote for whatever kind of victory they have won.

The outlook for Bryan and free silver is much better than it was ten days ago. The reaction against the schemes and methods of the Republican party has already set in, and will grow in force until the day of the election. This proved the impotency of a boodle campaign when the people are aroused on a great and vital issue. The present indications show two hundred and thirty-two electoral votes reasonably certain for Bryan, with at least an equal chance for seventy-five more."

JONATHAN JONES.

HALF A HUNDRED REASONS

Why The American People Should Favor Free Coinage.

Mr. Eugene V. Brewster, in a recent communication addressed to the Brooklyn Citizen, cites the following reasons in favor of free coinage:

1. Because all of the national parties have declared in favor of bimetallism and not one favors the gold standard, which we have to-day.

2. Because no voters ever yet voted for the gold standard, only those who benefit by the appreciation of the gold dollar favor it.

3. Because gold standard money is dishonest and makes the debtor pay back a dollar larger than the one he borrowed.

4. Because the gold dollar is appreciating in value more and more, making debts harder and harder to pay.

5. Because the only objection yet heard against bimetallism is, we are not big and strong enough to have it without foreign aid. Can we not legislate for ourselves?

6. Because we can introduce bimetallism without foreign help, for we would have with us twenty-seven silver and bimetallic countries, with a population of 995,000,000.

7. Because we would have against us only eleven gold countries, population 196,000,000, and about all of those except England would be glad to follow our example.

8. Because the average ratio in the silver and bimetallic countries, viz: Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Salvador, Colombia, China, Ecuador, India, Mexico, Peru, Russia, Tripoli, Argentine Republic, Belgium, Chili, Cuba, France, Greece, Hayti, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Spain, Switzerland and Venezula, is 15½ to 1!

9. Because the very highest ratio of any country in the world is Mexico, 16½ to 1!

10. Because if Mexico is a fair sample of a silver country, Turkey is a fair sample of a gold country.

11. Because everybody admits that bimetallism is right, and the only objection is that we cannot go it alone, that objection is overruled by the figures given above.

12. Because there is no accumulation of silver anywhere in the world that could flood us; and even if there were it would only give a greater impetus to our commerce, for every dollar's worth of silver brought here would represent a dollar spent here among us. Our silver dollars would not be taken abroad again, but left here among us, thus giving us more money and greater business.

13. Because even if there were a flood of silver in Germany, Japan or anywhere, a little diplomacy would prevent it's coming here. In the international conference at Brussels, all the great nations except England were so anxious to have bimetallism that they offered to not unload their silver on any nation that introduced it.

14. Because free coinage 16 to 1 would create an unlimited demand for silver and fix that price all over the world.

15. Because, if we said we would take all the silver that comes at 16 to 1, nobody would sell their silver for less than that price, and then sixteen ounces of silver would be worth one ounce of gold the world over.

16. Because the silver dollar would then necessarily contain 100 cents' worth of silver and be worth a dollar everywhere.

17. Because that silver dollar would be a better dollar than the present silver dollar, for this contains only 53 cents' worth of silver.

18. Because if the present silver dollar is dishonest, it was the gold people who made it so by demonetizing silver by the "crime of 1873."

19. Because the dollar under free coinage would contain just so much silver as the silver dollar to-day, and this buys 100 cents' worth every day.

20. Because if the mine owner may take 53 cents' worth of silver to the mints and get a 100-cent dollar for it, the laborer may do the same thing.

21. Because if the miner gets a 100-cent dollar, then there is no such thing as 53-cent dollars in circulation.

22. Because it is funny if the dollar can be a 100-cent dollar to the mine owner and only a 53-cent dollar to the laborer.

23. Because every dollar that gets in circulation means the sale of some commodity or the installation of capital in business.

24. Because free coinage means rising prices.

25. Because rising prices means more profit in business and more new industries and enterprises.

26. Because more industries mean more employment.

27. Because more employment means a lessening of the supply of labor.

28. Because the more employment means a greater demand for labor, thus by increasing the demand and lessening the supply you raise wages.

29. Because free coinage means nearly twice as much money in circulation, and with an abundance of money there will be an abundance of industries, factories, mills, and enterprises of all kinds in operation.

30. Because the employers, making more sales and more profit, will pay higher wages.

31. Because free coinage will make the dollar dearly twice as easy to get, thus making debts nearly twice as easy to pay.

32. Because the gold people are dishonest and refuse to print in their newspapers the silver side of the question, while the silver people circulate the New York Journal as a campaign document, and the paper prints the best arguments from the very best gold advocates. Which shows that the silverites do not fear to have both sides heard, being confident that they have by far the better of the argument.

33. Because the wage-earner will be benefited most by silver and the Wall street people's decline.

34. Because all the labor organizations have arrayed themselves on the side of free silver, and they generally know their business.

35. Because the capitalists have all arrayed themselves on the side of gold, and they generally know their business.

36. Because wages have fallen 11 per cent. under the gold standard.

37. Because the goldites resort to shallow sneers instead of argument.

38. Because there is not enough gold in the world to do one month's business—only $2.50 per capita of the world.

39. Because there is only $22.90 per capita in this country, counting all kinds of money, and less than half of that is in circulation, the rest being tied up and hoarded.

40. Because free coinage will raise the price of silver by giving it use and cheapen gold by taking away the demand.

41. Because Blaine said the maintenance of a gold standard would produce wide-spread disaster and his prediction came true within eighteen years.

42. Because the silver mines never yet and never will produce more than enough silver to supply the world's nations with coins and the arts with silverware, and there can be no overproduction.

43. Because it will not injure our foreign credit, but will improve it, and invite in foreign capital by our increased prosperity, just as capital is now rushing to Japan.

44. Because only about 4 per cent. of our business is with foreign nations and part of that is with nations that favor silver.

45. Because McKinley says it will cause an oversupply of money, thus raising prices; while Harrison says it will drive gold out, making money scarce and thus lowering prices.

46. Because the Hon. Bourke Cockran says both of these are wrong and that the London prices of silver will make the price here, and consequently prices of all commodities here will vary as the London prices varies.

47. Because free coinage will benefit the people of the silver States only in common with the people of the whole United States, giving to all only that which the act of 1873 took away.

48. Because Mexico has prospered and kept the purchasing power of her currency stable under free coinage, and her labor in many cases is far better than ours. Why does she not change to the gold standard if dissatisfied? England would help her and welcome her as one of her financial colonies, along with the United States.

49. Because President Andrews, of Brown University, is neither a lunatic, anarchist or mine owner, and he says: "There must be a change if we would avoid bankruptcy. With free coinage every industry would look up. Never since slavery days has the press displayed such disregard for truth and such stubborn obtuseness," etc.

50. Because free coinage means continuous prosperity, employment and higher wages, government of the people, for the people and by the people, and not government of Hanna, for the trusts and by the plucrats.

A Forecast.

A. Milo Bennett in The Bimetallist.)

Dear Sir: My business has taken me into almost every part of the country during the past two years, and basing an estimate on the sentiment of the people as I have found it, I submit enclosed forecast of the election.

It is safe to count the solid South with 152 votes for Bryan, because Democratic majorities there have always been certain, and people in that section are more thoroughly aroused this year than since the war.

By a comparison of the State votes of 1890, 1892, 1894 and 1895, the Democratic vote in that section has been steadily maintained with very small losses, while the Populists have drawn mostly from Republican ranks. As the Populists and Democrats have fused this year, this makes Democratic pluralities all the more certain.

Pennsylvania's labor vote will go for Bryan, because the workingmen are not such dummies as the Republican press takes them to be; and the same is true of Illinois and Indiana.

Election returns also show conclusively that the Populist vote of the Western States comes mostly from the ranks of dissatisfied Republicans, as the Democratic vote is nearly as large as formerly, while the Republican vote is greatly decreased, and in one or two States is almost entirely wiped out.

The largest number of votes so far polled by the Populists was in Kansas, 163,111; Texas, 159,224; North Carolina, fusion, 148,534; Nebraska, 97,815; Georgia, 96,888; Minnesota, 87,931; Alabama, 82,283; Colorado, 66,712; Virginia, 81,239; California, 51,304; while Ohio cast 52,675, and Michigan and other doubtful States cast enough Populists votes to determine an election.

This means that the balance of power in Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota, Colorado and California, doubtful States generally, is held this year by the Populists, and that fusion will make these States solid for Bryan. Both Republican delegates to the Republican Convention, and Democratic delegates to the Democratic Convention were instructed for silver, which means that the majority in both parties in these pivotal States, are for silver and Bryan.

Basing my estimate purely on the sentiment of the country, outside of New York and Chicago, I feel morally certain that it will be found nearly correct.

If you don't register you can't vote Saturday, Oct. 10th, and Saturday, Oct. 17th, are the only remaining days in which you can register.

LEGISLATED INTO POVERTY.

Cleveland's Administration Has Almost Paralyzed the Country—Enormous Expenditures.

EVIL OF EXTRAVAGANCE

It Has Reduced the Working Classes to Absolute Poverty and Ruined the Farmers—Monometallism Means, to the Masses, Misery and Slavery—Sherman and Cleveland Bartered Away American Liberties.

For The Caucasian.

YATESVILLE, N. C., Sept. 28th, 1896.—Permit me to make public expression of my views on the general finances of the country. With infinite labor we have built up the Peoples party thus far. Through days of darkness we have worked for it; through nights of pain we have prayed for it; through storms of abuse, ridicule and misrepresentations we carried the flag home to victory in 1894. It lives and moves and thrives today because of the fearless devotion and deathless love of brave men and pure women—men who have put principle above party. The Peoples party today, though in its infancy, has not had time to do much yet, but I believe that the Peoples party of today is one of the grandest political organizations of men that has ever banded together for the cause of humanity. Such bodies and causes must of necessity have a natural and surviving growth and, like that of the oak, must be slow. We have no motive or incentive to draw men to us but the love of their principles and the cause of humanity. Whilst our party grows and assimilates to make its growth a part of itself, it is accomplishing one of the greatest efforts that has ever appeared to the hearts of men, and those who would adhere to a party for no good or sufficient reason will also desert it in time for no reason. This is demonstrated from the old parties vote in the last election. Those who now ally themselves with us can give a reason for the faith that is in them. No such cause as ours was ever before in the history of the race entrusted to the hands of man. It is the cause of modern Christian civilization and civil liberties. It falls to our lot now as a nation, as it did a century ago, to make the second Declaration of Independence, fight out the battle and regain our industrial liberties.

Mr. Editor I assure you that there has never been such a time as this campaign; it has been more than a political controversy, and a campaign, too, that has created the greatest sensation and excitement in American history. The actions of the old parties have been so corrupt that conservative men on both sides are fast flanking out, and forming a new party. The Peoples party adopted in its resolutions, planks in its platform that frankly expresses itself in harmony in every respect with the constitution and the law. Since the Democratic party came into power our national government has been almost paralyzed and confiscated and the people bankrupted under Cleveland's administration. Our country has been legislated into poverty, distress, serfdom and panic. The great depression under which we are now suffering, I attribute to our high protective tariff system, the large expenditures of our government, particularly our State and county. The cost of our State, county and municipal government, is more than $10,000,000,000 annually. Nearly half of this is spent by this corruptible federal government. The $10,000,000,000 is more money than the entire value of the cotton crop and is money than the farmers receive for all their wheat, corn, cotton and tobacco raised in the United States. It is twice the amount spent in Great Britain or Russia; six times the amount spent by the German Empire, and more than is spent by a dozen of those smaller European Governments. In those golden prosperous days from 1869, in Grant's and Johnson's administration down to that of Garfield in 1880 passing down to 1884 when the Democrats resumed control of the government in Cleveland's administration, the entire expenditures of this government for those fifteen years of golden prosperity, was less by $15,000,000,000 than the average expense of the Democratic party since they have resumed control and come into power. This evil of extravagance has had the tendeney to concentrate the money of the country in the financial and business centers where it is used in gambling in stocks, grain or cotton futures, and is not used for the legitimate purpose in building up industries and employing labor. The statistics show that New York alone purchased 500 times more bonds than all the States south of the Ohio and Potomac, and Southern States have, under Cleveland's administration. Prior to 1869 and 1870 the wealth of this country was distributed throughout this land while now one large building would shelter three-fourths of the money and property holders throughout this land. This evil of extravagance has been intensified by enormous tariffs perpetrated on our people. Too much tariff on some American products and not enough on foreign imports. We must repeal the unconstitutional tax on State banks so as to restore to each State its sovereign rights. We have now got to repeal the coinage laws so that there will be no discrimination either against silver or gold; give adequate money which is as essential to prosperity as blood is to human life. The history of the world shows that every law enacted which tended to increase bimetallism has been followed by a period of great prosperity, and every law now enacted which tends to reduce the money of ultimate redemption is now followed by distress, poverty, degradation and panic among our people. The history of the Roman law which reduced the amount of money was followed by poverty, misery, degradation and serfdom throughout that period called the dark ages.

There is no doubt that at some time in the near future that the relations between gold and silver will adjust themselves to an equal tension and no other basis but free coinage will give that equal tension and so free coinage is bound to come and the question is when will it come? Are we going to submit ten, twenty, or thirty years longer, while all the gold booming countries are getting rich from our foolish tribute and the silver countries are developing into dangerous commercial rivals because of their ability to supply the products of other silver growing countries? There are enough Americans to decide this matter at the ballot box. Every time we delay action means a loss of over $265,000,000 to the farmers alone. There are enough of them if they would throw off the shackles of old partyism and unite in the silver cause. It would bring comfort and prosperity into thousands of homes which are now the abode of distress and sorrow. The action of the two old parties that have had "a chance" in this country have forever disgraced the name and founder of Democracy. They have been plundering and robbing the wealth producers of our country in order that the poor might be poorer and the rich richer. We trust in God that they may never have another such "a chance" for, in the first place, they have out-Heroded Herod, completely eclipsed Arnold, and Judas-like, sold their country for filthy lucre. Sherman and Cleveland alike bartered away the free manhood of America and betrayed the life of their constituencies. I think that after this election that these fraudulent manipulators who have robbed our country for the past decade will be retained at home and not be trusted with anything but the liberal use of the plow and hoe and realize to some extent what the Lord said "by the sweat of thy brow shalt thou earn thy living." How can any one boast so flippantly to the farmers and laboring classes "PROSPERITY", when so many thousands of poor people are walking in the cities and tramping our streets and hundreds of homes have gone into the hands of merciless shylocks, land sharks and extortioners.

W. SAML. CLARK.

DR. THOMPSON AT CONCORD

Opens the Campaign With a Rattling Speech—The Speaker at His Best and Wins Many Votes—Complimented By Democrats, Republicans and Populists.

For The Caucasian.]

CONCORD, N. C., Oct. 6.—Dr. Cy. Thompson, the Peoples party candidate for Secretary of State, and president of Farmers' State Alliance, spoke in the court house at Concord on Tuesday evening to a good sized audience. The speaking had not been advertised, so the house was not crowded. The Doctor was in his best humor and delivered one of the greatest speeches yet made in the campaign by any one. He is by far the peer of any orator now on the stump. His addresses are interesting while they instruct and win votes. This is a happy combination. Many Democrats heard his speech and were carried away with it and personally complimented the speaker on his effort. Col Paul Means says that it was the best speech he had heard this year, although he does not believe in the doctrine promulgated. His elucidation of the financial question was the best that could be made, and his arguments were unanswerable. His speech was well connected and as even and smooth as a summer billow. He paid his respects to the Democratic party in no uncertain sounds, and if any one can be a Democrat after hearing Dr. Thompson he must be a dummy or a candidate. He said that the old saying that the Democratic party was immortal was about true and that it could live on any kind of food—free silver or gold, high or low tariff—and that it, like the poor, was with us always. He said it had been weighed in the balance and found wanting—offices. His reference to State matters was a very fine vindication of the last legislature and his arguments in advocating the co-operation of the Reps and Pops this year cannot be met. He will solidify the fusion vote wherever he speaks. In a word, no abler speaker, or one who appreciates the situation and uses it to the best advantage, can possibly come before us this year. I hope our friends will not fail to avail themselves of the opportunity of hearing his gifted and honest son whenever possible. I assure you a great treat. He will strengthen your faith in Populism, humanity, country and Christianity. I will not be satisfied unless he gets a 100,000 majority this year. Hurrah! for Thompson, the brainest son of the sunny South, the man who has borne the cross as long and as heavy and as uncomplaining as any man in the State and one who now will wear the crown.

G. ED. KESTLER.

WATSO HAS A SORE THROAT.

He May Be Unable to Speak for Some Time to Come.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 7.—Hon. Thomas E. Watson, Populist nominee for Vice-President, went to his home in Thomson, suffering from a severe throat trouble, which threatens his enforced retirement from active campaigning for some time to come. He was expected to speak at the closing rally of the Populist campaign last night, but was unable to do so, and his physician says that unless he ceases using his vocal powers entirely for the present, he will probably bring on a dangerous abscess.

Just a Word From McKinley.

From the Springfield, (Mass.) Union.]

McKinley might well, in the course of his many speeches, say a word about the trusts and what his attitude toward them will be if elected President. It is a question of burning importance at this juncture. We do not find that public opinion is growing in contentment with the proposition of some of the economists to let this matter work itself out under natural law. It is proving a slow process, and meantime the people are getting very restless under the exactions of these conspiracies.

Democratic Fusion in Wilkes County.

WILKESBORO, N. C., Oct. 6.—The Democratic convention was held here yesterday to name a county ticket. There was a large crowd and every township was represented. The following nominations were made. For the Legislature, Richard N. Hackett, (other place left open); for Sheriff, Robert N. Garner; for Register of Deeds, (left open); for Surveyor, Jas. W. Burchett; for Coroner, (left open); for Commissioners, R. A. Spainhour and J. J. Duimitt, (one place left open.) The Populists met in the afternoon and filled in the vacancies.

The people are hopeful and are well pleased with the action of the State Executive Committee in arranging electoral fusion.

SPANIARDS MEET WITH LOSS.

They Claim 250 Insurgents Killed—One Thousand Spanish Soldiers Arrive—Insurgents Moving.

HAVANA, Oct., 7.—In the recent engagement between the Spanish troops under Gen. Bernal and the insurgents under Antonia Maceo, it is now announced the insurgents lost 250 men killed while the troops only had 28 men killed, 50 seriously wounded and 25 slightly wounded.

The steamship Cindad de Cadiz, arrived here to-day from Spain with several cases of small-pox on board. She brought 36 officers and 340 soldiers, after having left 670 soldiers at Gibralter, Province of Santiago de Cuba.

The insurgents forces under Antonio Maceo were reported to be moving yesterday toward the Eastern part of the Province of Pinar Del Rio.

Next Saturday is your last chance to Register.

WHO IS THE ANARCHIST?

This is The Subject of a Sermon Preached by Rev. Herbert N. Casson, at Lynn, Mass.

BRYAN, MAN OF THE PEOPLE

While Hanna Represents The Aggressive Spirit of Monopoly, The Law-Breaking Trusts, and Tyrant Over Labor—An American Bluebeard Who Slays His Workers.

LYNN, MASS., Sept. 27.—The largest congregation ever seen at a Sunday service in any place of worship in this city assembled in the Labor Church to-day to hear Herbert N. Casson preach on the subject, "Who is the Anarchist, Bryan or Hanna?"

The auditorium was crowded with people of all shades of political opinion, including leading Republicans, Democrats, and Populists, several city officials, local labor leaders and a delegation from the Bryan-Sewall-Williams Club, of Boston. The preacher's fame as a pulpit orator is not confined to New England alone. He spoke for two hours and roused his hearers to a high pitch of enthusiasm when he said that "Nebraska never had a better loved son than Bryan."

The Rev. Mr. Casson said that as his sermon was a political one, he would omit the reading of the Scripture lesson, and by way of preface read portions of several editorial articles bearing on his subject from the New York Journal, which paper he said, was "the most progressive organ of public opinion published in the Eastern States to-day."

HOW A PREACHER VIEWS IT.

Mr. Casson said in part:

"The laws of prosperity are to be discovered, not constructed. The real legislator for whom this nation waits is he who shall find and dare to proclaim the perfect social order foreordained by justice from the beginning of the world. The real anarchist is he who seeks to violate the laws of nature for the exclusive benefit of a small fraction of the community.

"During the present campaign the epithet 'anarchist' has been hurled at the heads of some of the noblest and most capable men that this generation has produced. The fierce searchlight of publicity has blazed upon these men for years, and not a single corrupt official act has ever been discovered.

"Bryan is caricatured, just as Lincoln was, as a highwayman, as a pirate, even as the devil, and in many similar ways. Whether Bryan's political views are entirely correct or not, who can deny that he is a citizen of whom any nation in the world might boast?

"Whether we consider the sustained ability of his addresses, his gentlemanly endurance of slander and misrepresentation, his unsullied public career, or the magnetism of his unaffected cordiality to the sweat-stained masses that greet him at every depot, we cannot avoid admiring him as a sturdy specimen of our American manhood.

"Compare him with the gagged individual, who trembles in his mortgaged house lest Hanna may foreclose. Compare him with that unfortunate Napoleon who has already met his Wellington and surrendered his convictions, and it is plain to see which best represents the principles of the Declaration of Independence."

SPOKESMAN OF THE PRODUCERS.

"Bryan is the spokesman of the half-awakened producer, who form nine-tenths of the population. He and his associates have revived the apostolic power of 'casting out devils' in the Democratic party and of raising the dead to life among the Republican rank and file.

"They have given us at least a real issue instead of a sham one, and though their remedy may seem inadequate to progressive thinkers, it is in the right direction and in accordance with the people's will.

"During the last few years we have been rapidly developing a slave element in our population—a propertyless class, entirely dependent upon the sale of their labor. No longer does Jack hobnob with his master. The rich and poor do not live in the same quarter of the city. A second secession has split our society into two hostile elements, and it is childish to howl 'anarchist' at the patriot who proclaims the unwelcomed fact and seeks to weld the nation into unity again by repealing the laws that caused it to split asunder.

"America is the workingman's 'Paradise Lost,' and it can never be regained by passive obedience to the serpent.

"Our carpenters build magnificent mansions and live in tenements themselves. Our mechanics construct electric lights and use kerosene at home; they manufacture pianos and do not own a tin whistle; they build carriages and go afoot. Our miners dig gold and die poor; they delve in dangerous coal mines and lack fuel in the winter. Our farmers raise grain and want for food, export cotton and wool and lacking clothing, sell cattle and are without meat.

LOSING HIS RIGHT TO EXIST.

"Our marvellous inventions have been monopolized so that, in spite of the daily miracles of our machinery the hungry still lack food and the homeless still wander through the streets. Step by step the moneyless man is losing his right to exist. Every recent change in legislation has been to protect property and to disfranchise men. Armories are erected and school houses forgotten. Immense grants of land are bestowed upon railroads, but the settlers upon those grants are evicted. Trades union leaders are imprisoned for having contempt for a contemptible judge, while monopolies are sided by injunctions and federal troops.

"Today Shakespeare has been revised and Shylock is the hero of the play. Portia's plea for mercy is called revolutionary and Bassanio is branded as a repudiator.

"There is hardly a trust or syndicate that has inaugurated this campaign of threats and ridicule and object-lessons that dare open up its own business career to the public.

"One of these defenders of law and national honor, the Standard Oil Company, has illegally increased freight rates, closed rivers and canals, destroyed inventions, bought up inspectors, and put its stamp upon explosive oil, attacked the property of competitors and blows up rival refineries. These trusts are religious at one end and murderous at the other.

"This law-breaking, aggressive spirit of monopoly has found a perfect embodiment in the person of Mark Hanna.

"

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The Peoples Party Nominees.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
Of Nebraska.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
THOMAS E. WATSON,
Of Georgia.

STATE TICKET.

For Governor:
W. A. GUTHRIE.
For Lieutenant-Governor:
O. H. DOCKERY.
For Secretary of State:
CYRUS THOMPSON.
For Treasurer:
W. H. WORTH.
For Auditor:
HAL W. AYER.
For Supt. of Public Instruction:
CHAS. H. MEBANE.
For Attorney General:
Z. V. WALSER.
For Associate Justices of Supreme Court:
WALTER MONTGOMERY.
R. M. DOUGLASS.
For Electors at Large:
Locke Craig, of Buncombe (Democrat).
R. B. Davis, of New Hanover (Populist).

First District—Theo. F. White, of Perquimans (Populist).
Second District—H. F. Freeman, of Wilson (Populist).
Third District—C. R. Thomas, of Craven (Democrat).
Fourth District—W. S. Bailey, of Nash (Populist).
Fifth District—William Merritt, of Person (Populist).
Sixth District—B. F. Keith of New Hanover (Silver party).
Seventh District—Thos. F. Kluttz, of Rowan (Democrat).
Eighth District—Tyre York, of Wilkes (Democrat).
Ninth District—R. D. Gilmer, of Haywood (Democrat).

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

1st District—HARRY SKINNER, of Pitt county.
2nd District—D. S. Moss, of Halifax county.
3d District—JOHN E. FOWLER, of Sampson county.
4th District—W. F. STROWD, of Orange county.
5th District—A. J. DALBY, of Granville county.
6th District—CHAS. H. MARTIN, of Anson county.
7th District—A. C. SHUFORD, of Catawba county.
8th District—R. Z. LINNEY, of Alexander county.
9th District—RICHMOND PEARSON, of Buncombe county.

Don't put off Registering--only one more chance, Saturday, October 17th.

DEMOCRATIC STATE FUSION—PROPOSITIONS OFFERED AND ACTIONS THEREON.

For some weeks past there has been much talk of "pulling down" various nominees of the different political parties for State offices. There have been rumors of fusion, new fusion—anti-fusion and with it all there has been more confusion than any thing else Along with all the talk were intimations or suggestions that arrangements were being made for a complete co-operation between the Populists and Democrats for the purpose of uniting all the silver men, and that the co-operative arrangement which had been entered into by the Populists and Republicans was to be annulled, etc., etc.

Something of a culmination to all the talk and rumors occurred on October 9th, when a meeting of the State Democrative Executive committee was held in Raleigh. After a protracted session, the State committee conferred plenary powers on the Democratic Central committee. The first known result of the meeting was the following communication addressed to the State Chairman of the Peoples Party:

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 9th, 1896.

To HON. HAL W. AYER, Chairman P. P. Ex Com.

Dear Sir:—I beg to call your attention to so much of my letter of the 13th of August, 1896, addressed to your committee, as refers to the necessity of uniting the silver forces of North Carolina in a patriotic effort to send nine representatives to Congress who can be absolutely relied upon, under any and all circumstances, to vote for the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and to support Mr. Bryan, if he should be elected President, in that as well as the other reform movements for which he stands.

I beg to quote from my said letter on that subject as follows:

"There is also a warm and sincere desire on the part of the Democratic party that the prospect of the financial reform legislation, demanded in the Chicago platform and reiterated in the National platform of the Peoples Party in the event of the election of Mr Bryan, shall not fail because of the want of a majority for silver in the National House of Representatives, and to that end, every effort on the part of all parties believing in silver should be directed to the defeat of gold standard candidates in every congressional district in the State. And, if at any time before the election, in any congressional district, there should be running for Congress two silver candidates the representatives of our respective parties, and the division of the silver vote thus brought about, would make probable the election of a gold standard candidate, I believe it would become our duty in some honorable way to meet the situation as to prevent this result."

In my opinion, a condition exists in several of the congressional districts which endangers the election of the advocates of silver in those districts. I am sure you will agree with me that the election of Mr. Bryan, without a Congress in sympathy with him, would greatly impair the value of his victory; nor can you be ignorant of the efforts which our common enemy is putting forth to take advantage of just such divisions in the silver forces as that which exists in our State, to bring about that most disappointing result.

I, therefore, now urge upon you that some arrangement be immediately effected to avoid such a possibility.

The tickets, as you are aware, must be printed for distribution within the next few days, so that if anything is to be done, it is desirable that such arrangement be perfected at once.

I beg, therefore, that you will make immediate answer to this communication, and state what, if anything, you are willing and ready to do in the premises.

Yours truly,
CLEMENT MANLY,
Chairman Dem. State Ex. Committee.

THE REPLY.

This communication was replied to by Chairman Ayer. The reply is as follows:

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 9th, 1896.

HON. CLEMENT MANLY, Chairman State Democratic Executive Committee.

Dear Sir:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of this day.

I note especially the following paragraph in your letter:

"I beg, therefore, that you will make immediate answer to this communication, and state what, if anything, you are willing and ready to do in the premises."

In reply to this I desire to call your attention to a communication under date of August 12th, 1896, which was officially submitted to you by the Peoples Party State Executive Committee. The communication was as follows:

RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 12th, '96.

"HON. CLEMENT MANLY, Chairman State Executive Committee:

Dear Sir:—Your communication of yesterday, addressed to Marion Butler, Chairman of the Peoples Party State Executive Committee, enclosing copy of a preamble and resolution dated August 11th, 1896, passed by your committee, and which you requested to have submitted through our chairman to the Executive Committee of the Peoples Party held this day in the city of Raleigh, your letter, with enclosure, was submitted to our committee, and the undersigned were appointed as a special committee to comply with your request to give you a reply to your communication expressing the sense of our committee. For the information of our committee our chairman stated to our committee that you had, on August 1st, submitted to him, pursuant to the authority of your committee, a written proposition for fusion between the Democratic party and the Peoples Party on the electoral ticket by dividing the eleven electors by giving to the Democratic party six electors and the Peoples Party five electors. Our chairman further stated that he expressed to you at the time of receiving your communication of August 1st, an unwillingness on his part to recommend to our committee the acceptance of the proposition contained in your communication, standing by itself; but that he promptly on August 1st, submitted to you as a counter-proposition a written memorandum embracing your proposition, and also other matters contained in said memorandum, as follows, to-wit:

COUNTER-PROPOSITION.

Electors—Democrats 6, Populists 5.

STATE OFFICERS.

Populists—Governor, Treasurer, Superintendent Public Instruction.

Democrats—Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, Attorney-General, U. S. Senator.

Or,

Democrats—Governor, Attorney-General, Superintendent Public Instruction.

Populists: Lt-Governor, Treasurer, Secretary of State, Auditor, U. S. Senator.

Congressmen—Populists: 1st, 4th, 6th and 7th districts.

Democrats: 2d, 5th, 8th and 9th districts; 3d district to be left open for a free fight.

Judges: Each party one Supreme Court Judge.

County officers: The two executive committees to use their good offices to secure a fair and honorable division of county and legislative candidates between the two parties in an equitable ratio similar to the above division of State and congressional offices.

Our committee being thus fully informed by our chairman as to the antecedent facts in relation to your proposition and the above counter proposition, seeing that the matter contained in the above counter proposition are not even referred to in your last communication of August 11th, and not knowing whether the same has been acted upon by your committee, and if so, what action was taken thereon on their part, and as your last communication is only a petition in substance of your first communication of August 1st, it is the sense of your committee, and by their direction you are so advised, that your committee having ignored the counter proposition which was submitted to you through our chairman for the consideration of your committee, we are left in the position of having no reply to make to your last communication other than that already made by our chairman.

(Signed) MARION BUTLER,
A. SHAW,
JAS. A. SHERRILL,
Committee."

It must not be understood that the recital of this communication here is a re-submission of the proposition therein contained. The conditions that existed when it was made and the conditions which exist now differ to such an extent as might make it impracticable for us to carry out its specific details if it should now be accepted by the executive management of the Democratic party. It is recited for the purpose of recalling the fact that our committee has once made a tangible proposition to your committee looking to the ends which are expressed as being desirable in your communication of today.

You will permit me to remind you that the Peoples Party, through its State committee, has accepted the only tangible proposition which has been made to that party by the Democratic party, viz: The proposition to co-operate on the electoral ticket. I do not mean to be discourteous in stating that a tangible proposition made by the Peoples Party, through its committee, has received no consideration at your hands, but such is the fact.

Under these circumstances, and not being empowered to take any action without consulting our State Committee, I do not feel at liberty to undertake to state what our committee would be "willing and ready to do in the premises." I do feel at liberty, however, to assure you that if it shall be the pleasure of your good self, or your committee, to make a tangible and specific proposition looking to those results suggested in your communication of today, that such propositions will be taken into earnest consideration by our State committee at the EARLIEST POSSIBLE MOMENT. I am,

Yours very truly,
HAL W. AYER,
Chairman P. P. State Ex. Com.

A PROPOSITION MADE.

The State Democratic Committee had conferred plenary powers on the Democratic Central Committee. This latter committee met in Raleigh on October 12th. The result of that meeting was another communication from Chairman Manly to Chairman Ayer, dated October 13th, transmitting a proposition in the following resolution:

RESOLUTION OF THE DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

The Democratic State Central Committee, believing the white people of the State are intensely in earnest in their desire and purpose to secure the benefits of the reforms for which Bryan stands, and to preserve good government in North Carolina, is prepared to invite a close alliance among those who hold to these views. This, in our opinion, is made imperative in view of the fact that the colored voters of the State have been united in a solid, compact body in support of those measures for which McKinley and Russell stand. The colored people and their leaders have made a unory of the white people necessary to defeat McKinleyism and Russellism in North Carolina. To provide for such a union of those believing in white supremacy and good government, the chairman of this committee is instructed to propose to the Executive Committee of the Peoples Party a ticket to be voted for in the coming election as follows:

For Governor, C. B. Watson, of Forsyth; for Lieutenant-Governor, W. A. Guthrie, of Durham; for Secretary of State, Cyrus Thompson, of Onlow; for Treasurer, W. H. Worth, of Wake; for Attorney General, F. I. Osborne, of Mecklenburg; for Superintendent of Public Instruction, John C. Scarborough, of Johnston; for Auditor, R. M. Furman, of Buncombe.

SUPREME COURT.

A. C. Avery, W. A. Montgomery.

SUPERIOR COURT.

5th district, J. S. Manning.

FOR CONGRESS.

That the several districts shall be arranged as follows:

To the Peoples Party: 1st district, 3d district, 4th district and 7th district.

To the Democratic Party: 2d district, 5th district, 6th district, 8th district and 9th district.

That the committee pledges its best efforts to the election of W. A. Guthrie as U. S. Senator.

LEGISLATURE.

Both parties pledge their best efforts to defeat all Republican candidates to the legislature and to elect only Democrats and Populists, and only such of these as are known to stand for the reform advocated by Mr. Bryan.

All of which is respectfully submitted,
CLEMENT MANLY,
Chairman Dem. State Ex. Com.

Meeting of Peoples Party State Committee.

As soon as this proposition was received, Chairman Ayer, of the Peoples Party Committee, called a meeting of the members by telegraph to be held on Wednesday evening, October 14th, at 8 o'clock p. m. The following members of the committee and party were in attendance at the hour named: Hal. W. Ayer, A. S. Peace, S. Otho Wilson, John A. Sims, Y. C. Morton, J. T. B. Hoover, H. F. Seawell, representing W. O. Wilcox; W. O. Stratford, L. A. Whitener, J. H. Sherrill, R. A. Cobb, R. B. Kinsey, James Amos, J. B. Lloyd, Maj. W. A. Guthrie, J. F. Westmoreland, M. L. Wood, W. H. Worth, J. W. Denmark, J. E. Fowler, W. F. Strowd, W. D. Merritt, D. S. Moss, J. J. Rogers, Mr. Whitaker, of Franklin; R. W. Dalby, and others.

The communication of the State Democratic Committee was immediately laid before the State Executive Committee. It was discussed earnestly and exhaustively until nearly 5 o'clock in the morning, the discussion being calm, serious and impressive all the way through.

At five o'clock a. m. the committee adjourned until nine o'clock a. m., at which hour the discussion was renewed.

At eleven o'clock the State chairman was instructed to send the communication below to the chairman of the Democratic State Committee. The communication was drafted by a subcommittee of five members: Hal. W. Ayer, A. S. Peace, J. B. Lloyd, J. F. Westmoreland and S. Otho Wilson, and is as follows:

RALEIGH, Oct. 14th, 1896.

HON. CLEMENT MANLY, Chairman Democratic State Executive Committee:

Dear Sir:—Immediately upon receipt of your communication, dated October 13th, enclosing a resolution embodying a proposition for co-operation by and between the Democratic Party and the Peoples Party, I summoned by telegraph the members of the State Executive Committee of the Peoples Party to meet in Raleigh on October 14th, 1896, at 8 o'clock p. m. A large majority of the committee responded by their presence, and the proposition of your Central Committee was laid before them. I desire to assure you that earnest and protracted consideration was given to the proposition of your Central Committee, and I am instructed by our State Committee to transmit to you the following reply:

First—When the proposition for electoral co-operation was submitted to our chairman by your committee on August 1st, 1896, our committee submitted a counter-proposition, looking to a complete and compact union of the silver forces all along the line, but said proposition was ignored by your committee.

Second—Should such a co-operation as is suggested and contemplated in your proposition of October 13th, be favorably considered by our committee at this time, we are of the opinion that, owing to the short time before the election, satisfactory arrangement and alignments could not be effected on either side, and, therefore, would not receive such hearty and loyal support as would make success an assured fact.

Third—We entertain no hope of being able to make you a proposition which would be acceptable to you and at the same time be sustained by the full force of both the Democratic and Peoples Parties, but we venture a suggestion here, which if adopted by you, would eliminate at least one of the dangers which you declare is menacing the State, viz: The election of the Republican nominee for Governor. This suggestion is the voluntary withdrawal of your nominee for Governor, and the concentration of the Democratic forces on the nominee of the Peoples Party for Governor. We are encouraged to make this suggestion by the following declaration in the State Democratic platform of 1896, to wit:

"We declare our belief that the peace, prosperity and happiness of the people of North Carolina depend on the defeat of the Republican State ticket in the coming election."

Yours very truly,
HAL W. AYER,
Chairman P. P. State Ex. Com.

Mr. W. O. Stratford and Hon. J. T. B. Hoover dissented from the action of the committee in instructing the chairman to transmit the above communication.

JUMP GENTLEMEN, JUMP.

We wish to disclaim here and now any intention to do injustice to any man, but we wish to ventilate a matter of some interest. Last week we warned members of the Peoples Party that some spouters were or would be on the stump proclaiming that they were Populists, but who would be doing what they could to disorganize our party by opposing its policy. It seems that they are out and at it.

* * *

Before going further into the matter, we desire to repeat what we have heretofore said, viz: that the Democratic party has been fighting the Peoples Party in this State, from Governor down, ever since the meeting of the various conventions. That party has been OUR ENEMY, and we declare it to be of our opinion here and now that any man who claims to belong to the Peoples Party, and who knows this fact, and in the face of that fact will get on the stump and persistently oppose the policy of the Peoples Party by advising Populists to vote for Democrats, is either a political gump or a party traitor.

* * *

This is our opinion. We can and will BELIVE it. But at this time we will not prefer charges against any one. Our BELIEF is our own and we can express it. We shall not disclaim responsibility for what may be said in this article if it shall be the pleasure of any man to call us to account. We shall use some personal illustrations, but in expressing opinions, we make no personal charges.

* * *

Two illustrations in point are Capt. W. H. Kitchin and ex-Judge Spier Whitaker. We understand that these gentlemen are claiming to be Populists. At the same time we note that they are receiving much approval and commendation from Democratic papers. This fact alone ought to condemn them in the estimation of every true Populist in North Carolina. A Democratic paper is not in the habit of flattering and praising men who work for the advancement of the Peoples Party. When we see such praise, we know that the subjects of that praise are playing or trying to play in the Democratic back yard. We wish to call especial notice to the fact that these "Populist" speakers are running their own campaigns. They have no sort of official connection with the Peoples Party headquarters nor with the Peoples Party organization.

* * *

These gentlemen have a perfect right to express their opinions to whoever will listen to them, but they have no right whatever to arrogate to themselves the name of Populist as long as they run a side show for the especial interests of Democrats. When they find it more agreeable to do that than to stand by the efforts of the Peoples Party organization to protect itself from those who fight it and seek to destroy it, it is time for them to join the Democratic party in name as well as in deed.

* * *

Of course the motives for Capt. Kitchin's course is clear. He has one son nominated by the Democrats of Halifax county for the State Senate. He has another son nominated by the Democrats of the Fifth district for Congress. His paternal instincts and natural family pride inspire him to appeal to all people to stand by the Democrats. But when he does this he ought to go the "whole hog." He ought to call himself a Democrat. When a Populist gets on the stump in the interest of the Democratic party, he is doing just about all a Democrat can do. Capt Kitchin's family seems to be something of a favorite with Democrats, and we really think it ungrateful in him to be anything else than a Democrat, especially while he makes Democratic speeches.

* * *

We are somewhat flustrated at Judge Whitaker's course. He is posing as a Populist. He is a "new recruit" to the Peoples Party—so new that he has never yet had an opportunity of voting a Populist ticket; and we all know that elections are held every two years. It therefore mystifies us somewhat to hear and see that he is declaring himself as being "confounded by the recent action of the Populists in going into a deal with Republicans &c., &c.," and still claiming to be a Populist. If this deal bothers him to that extent, why does he claim further affiliation with the Peoples Party? Why does he not join a party that will not make or TRY TO MAKE such deals—IF HE CAN FIND ONE IN THIS STATE?!!! Ah!

* * *

In his speech at Hillsboro Judge Whitaker publicly read extracts from circulars issued to members of the Peoples Party by State Chairman Ayer, which circulars were *never intended for the* general public. These circulars were either sent or handed to Judge Whitaker *confidentially*. Had these circulars fallen into the hands of the opposition and been made public in that way no damage would have been done. There is nothing in them to take back, but it was certainly no business of a "Populist" to whom they were sent to make them public. These circulars were a part of the work of the party organization, and as such were intended for nobody except members of the party. They contain no protest against co-operation with the Republican party, but were sent out to suggest that no pledges be given on a certain matter by Populists wherever co-operation should be effected. As we see it, however, they are being used by Judge Whitaker as a protest against co-operation with the Republicans, and the reverse of this proposition under the circumstances, is to vote for and with Democrats.

* * *

It might be said that the Populist State convention did not outline the policy of co-operation with the Republicans. Well, we are willing to assert that it gave no indication of such a policy as will justify a "Populist" speaker in taking issue with the action of the State committee, especially when certain powers were delegated to the committee *without restriction*. And therefore, when Judge Whitaker bolts the action of the committee he bolts the Peoples Party, and he belongs somewhere else.

* * *

Gentlemen you are in the wrong pew. Your course declares that there is some party somewhere with which you can affiliate with more satisfaction than with the Peoples Party. We beg you to go on a hunt for that party and fall into its ranks. Yes, go at once and take every blessed thing you can with you. The Peoples Party organization does not care to have in it such members as cannot be relied upon to come to its support when it calls for help to carry out its policy. You had better go where you can find *less party* and "more principle" than you seem to think exists in the Peoples Party.

* * *

But where will you go? Back to the Democrats? The Democrats have been saying all sorts of hard things about the Populists—calling them traders, dishonest tricksters, goldbugs &c. because Populists entered into an agreement with Republicans. But haven't you heard that the Democrats have made a proposition for fusion with the Populists?—these dishonest tricksters and goldbugs?—and if Populists are dishonest tricksters and goldbugs and the Democrats seek to make a deal with them, are the Democrats any less dishonest and goldbuggy than the Populists?

* * *

We do not wish to be harsh, but we may be permitted to remind you that when it was understood that you had left the Democratic party, the Democrats snickered and openly said they had not lost much. And by the Great Horn Spoon we—well! the Democrats need help now and if you will go back, maybe they won't talk that way any more. Jump, gentlemen jump. Now is your time.

OBJECT LESSON IN DEMOCRATIC RETURNS.

Those who have any accurate knowledge of the political events in the Southern States KNOW that Alabama is not a Democratic State. An Alabama Democrat of the worst and most contemptible variety, when a truth-telling spell happens to strike him, will admit that the Democrats have been outvoted in that State for the past two elections, but the Democratic machinery there never fails to "count" the Democrats in. And this is regarded by Democrats generally as a very cute and smart trick.

* * *

In Georgia, the "counting" trick always shows up the same results. The machinery is in the control of the Democrats, and the LARGER and STRONGER the opposition to Democratic rule in that State grows, the GREATER are the majorities which the machine "counts" up for the Democratic party. The same thing might be said of Arkansas and Florida. These States have all held elections recently, and OF COURSE all have gone overwhelmingly Democratic. The machine can elect the the president of a National Bank as Governor of Alabama on a platform which declares AGAINST National Banks. It can manage to get up a majority of 40,000 in Georgia for the Democrats, when the Democratic party is opposed by three parties whose combined vote is over 50,000 more than the Democrats ever polled in that State. Great is the machine!

* * *

The Democrats in these States say they are for silver. But in 1892 they rolled up big majorities for Cleveland. THEY WOULD DO THE SAME THING TODAY if Cleveland were the Democratic nominee. They would return majorities for either a silverite or a goldbug provided he was the Democratic nominee. They would count up a majority for the devil if that personage were a candidate with the Democratic brand on him.

* * *

Protest against these machine methods is dangerous. There has not been an election in Alabama or Georgia in the past four years during which there has not been violence and bloodshed. Not very long ago a protest was made against the rascality of the Democrats in the Tenth Congressional district of Georgia. This is Tom Watson's district. That protest led to violence on the part of Democrats who opened up a row that resulted in the killing a number of men. A number of murders occurred at the recent election in Alabama because some men had the courage to charge Democratic manipulators with the rascality of which they (the Democrats) knew they were guilty. Down in Mississippi the Populist nominee for Governor was shot and seriously crippled by Democratic thugs because he had the courage to oppose their rascally and fraudulent methods. And this will be the regular course of proceedure until the people of those States shall find some way to crush the Democratic "counting machine"!

* * *

The accomplishment of that end is a terrible undertaking, but it CAN BE DONE. The State of North Carolina has shown that it can be done. But it requires almost unmeasurable fortitude and inexpressible determination. The most malignant abuse and the most infernal machinations that can be devised by Democratic ingenuity must be faced and endured. If there is an unwillingness to do this, the only sensible thing is to submit to the machine. It is useless to fight it until you can arrive at that point where you are willing to put courage against arrogance, determined oversight against attempted secret rascality, patience against rotten eggs, defience against ostracism.

* * *

We speak with no bitterness here, but we do speak from observation and experience, and we declare the above methods will win against the most damnable Democratic methods that ever cursed this country. And the winning is worth the price. A Southern Democrat in power is the most arrogant, domineering oppressive tyro on earth. Out of power, and facing a local contest in which the odds appear to be against him, he is a pitiable, repenant, political deal-hunter and bargain-seeker. The stuff of which he is made can be clearly discovered, and there is a refreshing, invigorating relief at the thought that there is at least a chance to keep him and his kind from management and control of public interests and affairs.

* * *

Try it, men of Georgia and Alabama. We would never suggest that you resort to violence. You must rather submit to some violence if you would win, but work, patience and determination will bring you through if you care to make the trial.

LINE UP, BOYS!

All the agony is over. The business is finally settled. The ticket which appears at the head of this page contains the names of the men for whom we think every Populist in the State should vote, and we shall plead with the Populists of North Carolina to support them, and the ticket is now submitted to the judgment of the people.

* * *

For some time matters have been mixed, and there has been more or less confusion. Confusion has been worse confounded this week on account of what may be termed an effort to break up Populist-Republican co-operation and effect Populist-Democratic fusion. The story of this effort is fully told by the correspondence of the State chairmen of the Populist and Democratic parties and the reports of committee meetings elsewhere.

* * *

This issue of the CAUCASIAN has been delayed this week for the purpose of publishing the results of these meetings, and the delay prevents a full discussion of the proceedings this week. But look for some observations of decided tendencies in the next issue.

ALL THEY'VE GOT.

It looks suspiciously like the Democratic party is about to fall back on the cry of "nigger." Hints and suggestions in the correspondence of Chairman Manly elsewhere in this issue, and the graphite rumblings of a "leading" Democratic paper for two or three days past indicate that the Democrats are desperately clutching at something, and the "nigger" is about all that is in sight for them.

* * *

And there is something strange in this too. If a Republican gets up and makes a speech calling on the "nigger" to stand together, straightway a cry is raised by Democrats that the speaker is all the mean things that newspaper language can describe, and that he is trying to array the "nigger" against the white man. But these same Democrats seem utterly unable to comprehend the fact that they are doing the *very same thing* when they are arraying the white man against the "nigger." Seriously, gentlemen; what is the difference?

* * *

If it is mean, low and vile for a Republican to call out the "nigger" against the white man, what is it for a Democrat to call out the white man against the "nigger." What are the results, if there are any results in either case, and what can be the difference in either case? This sort of business is too old gentlemen. Stick to the issues of the campaign, praise ALL the Populists—not just a few so-called Populists—vote the Pop ticket and all will be well.

WINSTON REGISTRARS.

Before Judge Montgomery—Magistrates Names Go On County Tickets.

Messrs. Reed and Curtis, the Winston registrars, whom Chairman Holton charged with irregularities in conducting registrations appeared before Judge Montgomery, Tuesday, in response to his summons.

The order under which these men were brought here was issued by Judge Montgomery on ex parte evidence last Friday, and was as follows:

"It is therefore ordered that E. L. Reed and E. O. Curtis, registrars at Fifth ward precinct in Winston, appear before me at Chambers in Raleigh, on Tuesday, October 13th, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., and show cause why they should not register the persons applying to them for registration and refrain from any unnecessary consumption of time or delay in the registration of voters and perform duties as defined in this order and contemplated in said act, and in the discharge of their duties as registrars allow all persons who are residents of said Fifth ward precinct of Winston and duly qualified voters therein to have their names put on the registration book of said precinct."

The hearing of the case came up before Judge Montgomery at Chambers at 12 o'clock. The reading of the affidavits and argument of counsel consumed nearly three hours.

Maj. J. W. Graham, of Hillsboro, appeared for the plaintiff, Holton, and Messrs. E. B. Jones, of Winston, and F. H. Busbee and ex-Judge Shepherd, of Raleigh, for the defendants.

In opening the case, Mr. Jones said the question before the court was as to whether the registrars of the Fifth ward of Winston had delayed the registration, and the legal question arising thereform as to the power and jurisdiction of the Judge to punish. He then read the affidavits of the defendants Reed and Curtis, setting forth the circumstances on which the complaint against them had been founded.

At the conclusion of Mr. Jones' argument Judge Montgomery had the following order drawn, which he signed:

"In this matter, after hearing the affidavits filed and arguments of counsel, it is considered and adjudged that the said E. L. Reed and E. O. Curtis, registrars of the Fifth Ward precinct of Winston, N. C., have not combined to prevent legal registration, but it appearing from their own affidavits that they have erroneous views as to the duties required of registrars, it is therefore ordered that they proceed on Saturday, October 17, 1896, to discharge their duties as defined in the order made on October 9, 1896, and allow all persons who have not registered, who are residents of said Fifth ward precinct of Winston and duly qualified voters therein, to have their names put on the registration book of said precinct.

The defendants then gave notice of an appeal and the matter will come up in the Supreme court this morning for final determination.

MAGISTRATES NAMES GO ON COUNTY TICKET.

Justice Montgomery also rendered an important decision that settled a question in the new election law.

It has been a doubtful question among all three of the State chairman whether the names of the candidates for magistrates should be voted for on the county or State ticket. A test case, agreed upon by the chairmen came before Justice Montgomery today on application from Durham county. Judge Montgomey decided that a magistrate was a judicial officer in the county in which he resided and therefore a county officer. He held that names of magistrates should be printed on the county tickets and that the law provided for only two ballot boxes.

It is amusing to read the Populist editorials in some of the so-called Democratic papers. We are glad to have the help of any man, though he helps us unawares.

POLITICAL POT-POURRI.

Condensed Mention of What People Are Saying and What Parties Are Doing.

A cold wave struck the Republican headquarters yesterday, the area of low temperature having extended rapidly from the headquarters of the National Committee in New York, where confidential reports from Ohio and Indiana made Maj. McKinley's managers shiver. The amiable gentlemen in charge of Republican headquarters here are not able to understand why they should be so chilly. They insist that the news from Ohio and from all other parts of the country is very encouraging, and justifies absolute confidence in Maj. McKinley's election. They insist that the reports of discouraging advices from Ohio are the inventions of the enemy, but it is nevertheless plainly apparent that Chairman Babcock and his associates have heard something that has awakened the greatest anxiety.

It seems to be generally admitted here and in New York that the recent canvass of Ohio, made by Mr. Kurtz, chairman of the Republican committee in that State, showed grave defections among the farmers in the interior of the State, and a great uncertainty as to the vote of the labor This information was brought to Mr. Hanna by a special messenger from Columbus, who arrived in New York Saturday morning, and a special meeting of the Eastern branch of the National Committee was immediately called in consequence. Mr. Hanna is expected to apply the proper remedy from the Chicago headquarters.—Washington Times (Goldbug) Oct. 8.

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The Situation in North Carolina as Viewed at Washington.

Things political in North Carolina seem to be setting the way of Populists, and Chairman Butler appears to be in command of the situation. Democratic State Chairman Josephus Daniels' consultation with Chairman Butler Wednesday may be taken as proof that North Carolina Democrats regret seriously now that they put away the Populist overtures some weeks ago for fusion on the State ticket. The Populists proposition was that nine silver Congressmen should be named, four to be Democrats, four Populists, and one a Silver man from Chairman Butler's old district. As for the State ticket, the Populists would have given up their candidate for Governor if they could have the United States Senator, or vice versa. The Populists have a general agreement with the Republicans to fuse on the State ticket, which will probably be carried out, but to become effective it is certain that the Republicans must withdraw their candidate for Governor, Judge Russell. They have not done this, and the North Carolina Populists have become uneasy as election day approaches. There is little doubt that Chairman Daniels is trying to profit from the situation. Chairman Butler declared some weeks ago that all advances for fusion in the State must come froms others than the Populists, and he is adhering to his determination. He says the reports that Democrats in the State are alarmed because the election machinery is in the hands of Populists and Republicans, and because under the new registry system thousands upon thousands of negroes are being allowed to register who were never before given an opportunity to vote, is quite without foundation.—Washington Post.

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Fusion Complete in Arkansas.

Little Rock, Oct. 12.—The Democratic and Populist State committees met here this afternoon and affected a fusion on the electoral ticket.

The Democrats retired Jeff Davis, elector-at large; J. Robinson and H. S. Smead, district electors. The Populist State committee elected to fill these vacancies, J. R. Sovereign, elector-at-large; A. D. Tanner and E. R. Arnold.

The fusion proposition came from Mr. Bryan himself, who wrote Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic National committee, to use his influence in bringing about a consolidation of the silver forces in Arkansas.

Public Speaking.

Hon. Walter R. Henry, one of the most eloquent reform speakers in the State, will address the citizens of Cleveland and adjoining counties in Shelby on Monday, October 26th, at 11 o'clock a. m. Subject: "More Money, or the People against the Plutocrats."

Let everybody come out and hear the "Patrick Henry" of North Carolina.

D. J. HAMRICK,
Chm'n People's Party Ex. Com.
Cleveland County.

Cures Talk

"Cures talk" in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, as for no other medicine. Its great cures recorded in truthful, convincing language of grateful men and women, constitute its most effective advertising. Many of these cures are marvelous. They have won the confidence of the people; have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world, and have made necessary for its manufacture the greatest laboratory on earth. Hood's Sarsaparilla is known by the cures it has made—cures of scrofula, salt rheum and eczema, cures of rheumatism, neuralgia and weak nerves, cures of dyspepsia, liver troubles, catarrh—cures which prove

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

60 Per Cent Reduction

—ON—

Hard Times have struck everybody, and business is dull, so we have reduced the price of the Pocket Electropoise **60 per cent.** for the next few weeks. Call or write at once and take advantage of it.

GRAHAM & DuBOIS, Electric Bldg, Atlanta, Ga.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,

123 and 125 Fayetteville Street,
124 and 126 S. Wilmington Street.

WILL SELL GOODS CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE.

Do You Need

FURNITURE?

Of Any Kind.

If so, write or call on Royall & Borden. Our stock is always complete, and our prices the lowest.

ROYALL & BORDEN,
Leaders of Low Prices,
RALEIGH, N. C.

GREAT "CLOAK-SELLING" CENTER!

A LIMITED SUPPLY OF

BLANKETS, COMFORTABLES and WOOLEN UNDERWEAR

AT QUICK-SELLING PRICES.

Below are values that dismay all competition. Unlimited resources, never-ending capacity places us in position, by rapid cash selling, to offer quick chances, true bargains and sharp advantages over all credit stores.

Bountiful Supply of Capes and Jackets.

All new; no last year's styles; 100 special designs, no two alike. Busy selling has taken off some, but the brightest and best are left to your delectation and taste. Prices, $5.50 to $15.00, appeal to your most fastidious ideas.

25 Beaver Capes, for trimmed, long sweep, at	98c	Large Comforts	39c
Ladies' Box Front, all new, large and small buttons	1.48	Heavy wool "Scotia" Blankets	2.00
Salts Plush Capes, Persian lining	3.00	Special in Curtain Muslins, 25c. value	10c
Ladies' Plain Beaver Coats, extra heavy, $5 kind	3.50	Men's grey and white Underwear, large sizes, elsewhere 25c., here	15c
Wool Cheviots, velvet trimmed, usually $6.00	4.00	Gents' extra heavy white and grey mixed and tan Undershirts, 50c kind	25c
Ladies' Black Boucle, shell front, inlaid velvet collar	6.50	Men's heavy white Underwear, shirts and drawers to match, worth 50c., our price	39c
The above are specials and prove big sellers and go rapidly.		Swiss conde glove fitting ribbed underwear, white and colors, $1 quality	75c
Another case of double-fleece Blankets, white and grey	19c		

Extra low prices from our rapid firing machine throws consternation into the ranks of our competitors, who cling to the old methods. Progressive merchandising, close prices and quick trading turn the pennies and make business lively.

Sherwood Higgs & Co.
SUCCESSORS TO C. A. SHERWOOD & CO.

THE CAUCASIAN.

Raleigh, N. C., October 15, 1896.

RALEIGH ITEMS.

Visitors to the Fair

Are reminded that the HARRISON HOUSE is OPEN and prepared to accommodate all who may desire lodgings or meals. The table of this famous old hostelry is unsurpassed and its reputation will be maintained. Mrs. Harrison, the proprietress, has been making extensive preparations and will be glad to entertain all her old friends as well as new ones. Everything in reason will be served and the charges will remain the same $1.00 per day—or 25c per meal. Don't forget the place. Harrison House.

For the Cold Weather.

If you desire to be comfortable this winter and at the same time keep your fuel bill down to a low notch we would advise you to examine the Hagey King Heater. This excellent stove is for sale only at Julius Lewis Hardware Co., Raleigh N. C. It has the highest testimonials from these who are using them and they say it gives more heat with less fuel than any stove now on the market

The CAUCASIAN also cheerfully gives testimony to the foregoing. This is the third season that we have used the Hagey King Heater in our office and it is all that is claimed for it by the manufacturers. Read their advertisement elsewhere in this paper.

If you are in need of any furniture we desire to call your attention to the firm of Royall & Borden, the leading furniture manufacturers and dealers in the State. They have three large stores—one in Goldsboro, Durham and Raleigh, and are ready to meet all orders and can give you prices that will astonish you. See their advertisement in this issue.

The Association of Confederate Veterans of North Carolina will hold its annual meeting in the Senate Chamber of the Capitol on Wednesday night of Fair week October 21st, at 7½ p. m. All Camps of North Carolina Veterans are invited to send representations, and all ex-Confederates whether members of such organizations or not, are invited to be present. Camps which have not yet forwarded rolls of membership, are respectfully requested to send the same as early as practicable. By order of P. E. Hines, M. D., President

C. B. DENSON, Secretary.

HON. O. H. DOCKERY'S APPOINTMENTS.

Points at Which the Eloquent and Forcible "War Horse of the Pee Dee" Will Speak.

Hon. Oliver H. Dockery, nominee of the Peoples Party for Lieutenant-Governor, the famous silver Republican and the noted "Old War Horse of the Pee Dee" will speak at the following points:

Mt. Airy, Friday, October 16th.
Winston, Saturday, October 17th.
Mocksville, Davie county, Monday, Oct. 19.
Salisbury, Rowan county, Tuesday, Oct. 20.
Concord, Cabarrus county, Wednesday, Oct. 21.
Albemarle, Stanley county, Thursday, Oct. 22.
Troy, Montgomery county, Friday, Oct. 23.
Sanford, Moore county, Saturday, Oct. 24.
Fayetteville, Cumberland county, Monday, Oct. 26.
Tarboro, Edgecombe county, Tuesday, Oct. 27.
Warsaw, Duplin county, Wednesday, Oct. 28.
Whiteville, Columbus county, Thursday, Oct. 29.
Maxton, Robeson county, Friday, Oct. 30.
Rockingham, Richmond county, Saturday, Oct. 31.
Monroe, Union county, Monday, Nov. 2.

HAL W. AYER,
Chm'n P. P. State Ex. Com.

DR. CYRUS THOMPSON'S APPOINTMENTS.

Places Where the Witty and Instructive Nominee of the Peoples Party for Secretary of State will Speak.

Dr. Cyrus Thompson, nominee of the Peoples Party for Secretary of State, and one of the richest, most instructive and amusing speakers in North Carolina, will address the people at the following points:

Maxton, Friday, October 16th.
Fayetteville, Saturday, October 17th.
Wilson, Monday, October 19th.
Kinston, Tuesday, October 20th.
Greenville, Wednesday, October 21st.
Bethel, Thursday, October 22d.
Washington, Friday, October 23rd.
Jamesville, Saturday, October 24th.
Creswell, Monday, October 26th.
Edenton, Tuesday, October 27th.
Winfall, Wednesday, October 28th.
Okisko, Thursday, October 29th.
Snowden, Friday, October 30th.

HAL W. AYER,
Chm'n P. P. State Ex. Com.

COME OUT AND HEAR THEM.

Eloquent Speakers Will Talk to The People on The Issues of The Day.

Hon. Locke Craige, Bryan Elector-at-Large, and Hon. R. B. Davis, Bryan Elector-at-Large, will address the people at

Wadesboro, Anson county, Thursday, October 15th.
Concord, Cabarrus county, Friday, October 16th.
Catawba Station, Catawba county, Saturday, October 17th.
Monroe, Union county, Monday, October 19th.
Jacksonville, Onslow county, Wednesday, October 21st.
New Berne, Craven county, Thursday, October 22nd.
Kinston, Lenoir county, Friday, October 23rd.
Goldsboro, Wayne county, Saturday, October 24th.
Tarboro, Edgecombe county, Monday, October 26th.
Nashville, Nash county, Tuesday, October 27th.
Clinton, Sampson county, Wednesday, October 28th.
Fayetteville, Cumberland county, Thursday, October 29th.
Maxton, Robeson county, Friday, October 30th.
Raleigh (at night) Saturday October 31st.
Salisbury, Monday, November 2nd.

CLEMENT MANLEY,
Chairman Democratic State Ex. Com.
HAL AYER,
Chairman Peoples Party State Ex. Com.

Hon. D. M. Merritt, Bryan Elector for the 5th District, and A. L. Brooks, Esq., will address the people at

Deep River, Guilford county, Saturday October 17th.
Guilford College, Guilford county, Monday October 19th.
Oak Ridge, Guilford county, Tuesday October 20th.
Brown's Summit, Guilford county, Wednesday October 21st.
Thompsonville, Rockingham county Thursday October 22nd.
Cherry Grove, Caswell county, Friday October 23rd.
Horton's Store, Alamance county, Saturday October 24th.
Yanceyville, Caswell county, Monday October 26th.
Cedar Grove, Orange county, Tuesday October 27th.
Hillsboro, Orange county, at night Tuesday October 27th.
Nelson Durham county, Wednesday October 28th.
East Durham, at night, Wednesday October 28th.
Creedmore, Granville county, Thursday October 29th.
Stem, Granville county, Friday October 30th.
Oxford, at night, Granville county, Friday October 30th.
Berea, Granville county, Saturday October 31st.
Roxboro, Person county, Monday November 2nd.

A fair and conservative discussion will be heard by all who attend.

CLEMENT MANLY,
Chairman Dem. State Ex. Com.
HAL AYER,
Chairman P. P. State Ex Com.

Congressional Canvass

Hon. A. G. Shuford, Peoples Party candidate for Congress, and Maj. S. J. Pemberton, Democratic candidate for Congress in the 7th Congressional District of North Carolina, will address their fellow citizens on the political issue of the day at the following times and places:

YADKIN COUNTY.

Hamptonville, 1 p. m., Oct. 15th.
Boonville, 7 p. m., Oct. 15th.
Yadkinville, 1 p. m., Oct. 16.
Cross Roads, 7 p. m, Oct. 16th.

DAVIE COUNTY.

Calahan, 1 p. m., Oct. 17th.
Mocksville, 7 p. m., Oct. 17th.
Smith's Grove, 1 p. m., Oct. 19th.
Fork Church, 7 p. m., Oct. 19th.

DAVIDSON COUNTY.

Tyro Shops, 1 o'clock p. m., Oct. 20.
Lexington, 7 o'clock p. m., Oct. 20.
Valentine Crotts, 1 o'clock p. m., Oct. 21.
Thomasville, 7 o'clock p. m., Oct. 21.
Denton, 1 o'clock p. m., Oct. 22.
Jackson Hill, 7 o'clock p. m., Oct. 22.

ROWAN COUNTY.

Corinth Church, 1 o'clock p. m., Oct. 23.
China Grove, 7 o'clock p. m., Oct. 23.
Woodleaf, 1 o'clock p. m., Oct. 24.
Enochville, 7 o'clock p. m., Oct. 24.

Everybody cordially invited to attend these meetings and give the candidates an attentive and respectful hearing.

JAMES A. SHERRILL,
Chairman 7th Cong. Dist. P. P. Ex. Com.

Public Speaking!

By the candidates and other speakers of the Peoples Party of Craven county.

Maple Cypress, Wednesday, Oct. 21st, at 12 m.
Fort Barnwell, Thursday, Oct. 22d, at 12 m.
Cove, Friday, Oct. 23d, at 12 m.
Tuscarora, Saturday, Oct. 24th, at 12 m.
Vanceboro, Wednesday, Oct. 28th, at 12 m.
Truitts, Thursday, Oct. 29th, at 12 m.
Riverdale, Friday, Oct. 30th, at 10 a. m.
Morton's Store, Friday Oct. 30th, at 7 p. m.
Oak Grove, Saturday, Oct. 31st, at 10 a. m.
James City, Monday, Nov. 2nd, at 7 p. m.

All voters are invited to attend these speakings, regardless of party affiliation.

W. H. SMITH.
Chairman Peoples Party Ex. Com.

Public Speaking!

By G. L. Hardison and W. T. McCarthy, candidates for Senate, 8th district, at the following places:

Trenton, Jones county, Oct. 16th, at 12 m.
Pollocksville, Jones county, Saturday, Oct. 17th, at 12 m.
Kinston, Lenoir county, Wednesday, Oct. 21st, at 12 m.
Snow Hill, Greene county, Thursday, Oct. 22d, at 12 m.
LaGrange, Lenoir county, Saturday, Oct. 24th, at 12 m.
Richlands, Onslow county, Monday, Oct. 26th, at 12 m.
Riverdale, Craven county, Tuesday, Oct. 27th, at 2 p. m.
Vanceboro, Craven county, Wednesday, Oct. 28th, at 12 m.
Truit's Craven county, Thursday, Oct. 29th, at 12 m.
Maysville, Jones county, Friday, Oct. 30th, at 10 a. m.
Swansboro, Onslow county, Friday, Oct. 30th, at 7 p. m.
Marines, Onslow county, Saturday, Oct. 31st, 3 p. m.
Williams' Store, Onslow county, Saturday, Oct. 31st at 7 p. m.
Jacksonville, Onslow county, Monday, Nov. 2d, 10:30 a. m.
James City, Craven county, Nov. 2d, at 7 p. m.
Newberne, Craven county, Nov. 2d, at 8 p. m.

H. H. PERRY,
Chairman Peoples Party Ex. Com. 8th Senatorial Dist.
W. H. JONES,
Chairman Republican Ex. Com. 8th Senatorial Dist.

Populists and Republicans!

Speaking and barbecue at C. B. Ray's store, October 20. The only place in the county all the candidates will attend, and other noted speakers expected. A big time.

CO-OPERATION.

Charles H. Martin's Appointments.

The following are Hon. Charles H. Martin's appointments:

Wilmington, New Hanover, October 17.
Rocky Point, Pender county, October 19.
Burgaw, Pender county, October 20.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Think It Over.

Have you ever heard of a medicine with such a record of cures as Hood's Sarsaparilla? Don't you know that Hood's Sarsaparilla, the One True Blood Purifier, has proved, over and over again, that it has power to cure, even after all other remedies fail? If you have impure blood you may take Hood's Sarsaparilla with the utmost confidence that it will do you good.

Hood's Pills assist digestion. 25 cents.

Personal.

FREE—64 page medical reference book to any person afflicted with special, chronic or delicate disease peculiar to their sex. Address the leading physicians and surgeons of the United States, Dr. Hathaway & Co., 22½ S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA.

Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Saturday is your last chance to register.

Biliousness

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache,

Hood's Pills

insomina, nervousness, and, if not relieved, bilious fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

FLORIDA AND GEORGIA ELECTIONS.

In Florida the Democratic Vote Fell Off 15 Per Cent—Atkinson, the Democratic Nominee for Governor of Georgia, Runs Behind His Ticket—Fraud Practised in Many Counties.

Florida Election.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 7.—Three hundred and fifty-five precincts out of 632 in the State, including sixteen counties complete and the remainder scattering in fifteen additional counties, give Bloxham, Democrat for Governor a plurality estimated at 14,000 as against 23,775 majority for Mitchell. Democrat, over Roskin, Populist, in 1892.

The falling off in the Democratic vote is 2,298 or 15½ per cent. The same proportion throughout the State will make the total Democratic vote about 26,000, against 32 064 in 1892, and the combined opposition vote, if the ratio so far indicated is maintained about 12,000 as against a Populist vote of 8,509 for four years ago.

So far as heard from the election passed off with absolute quiet and fairness in every part of the State. The effect of the Australian system was, as anticipated, to keep illiterate voters, and particularly negroes from the polls in every county in which no local contest existed to arouse enthusiasm. Of the sixty-eight members of the House of Representatives the Democrats have at least sixty, and the thirty-two members of the next Senate, including sixteen hold-overs, will all be Democrats.

In this county (Duval) most of the regular Democratic candidates county offices were defeated by the candidates of a bolting Democratic faction. Glenn (Republican) was chosen Superintendent of Public Instruction over two Democratic competitors.

Georgia Election.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 8.—Advices received by the Journal up to midnight from combined official and unofficial sources fix the total Democratic majority at 36,129. The estimate is based upon the vote for Atkinson for Governor, which is in many cases less than that cast for the other State officials. It is not believed that the final returns will materially alter this estimate. The legislature is almost solidly Democratic in both branches, insuring practically the unanimous election of ex-Speaker Crisp to the Senate to succeed Senator Gordon.

Two constitutional amendments were voted on and both were carried overwhelmingly. One is to provide for the increase of the Supreme Court from three to six Justices and to provide for their election by the people. The other is to make the State School Commissioner elective.

The official returns from McDuffie county, the home of Thomas E. Watson, show that the Populists have carried it by 504 majority. Seaborn Wright, the Populist candidate for Governor, carries his home county, Floyd—a former Democrat stronghold—by 200 majority.

Cobb County, the home of Democratic Chairman Clay, reported last night 800 Democratic majority this afternoon.

Populist State Chairman Cunningham received telegrams this morning from the four counties of Marion, Hart, Glasscock, and Taylor, all of which were reported to have gone Democratic last night, claiming them for the Populists, with a net gain of 650 over the estimated Democratic majority. Chairman Cunningham said at all 11 o'clock that Wright, Populist candidate for Governor, was elected, with the rest of the State ticket Democratic.

Populists Charge Fraud.

Populist State Chairman Cunningham today gave out the following statement:

"The Democratic estimate given out by the morning papers was evidently well padded for the purpose of 'cooking' the returns under the claim of an increased majority. This is thoroughly demonstrated by semi-official reports received by me up to this hour, at 12 o'clock noon. My instructions were that only official and complete returns should be wired me. Hence, we will not receive any returns until this afternoon and night. Nine counties have reported, showing a Democratic loss of 1,150 from figures given out by Democratic morning papers. At this ratio, Atkinson's majority could not be over 20,000, but the Populistic counties have not yet reported, we confidently expect that the majority will be wiped out unless the Democratic boards illegally throw out Populist precincts, as has been done heretofore.

"A partisan registration law has been used as a tremendous instrument of fraud. Copies of the lists were refused Populists in nearly every county, and bogus and 'doctored' lists sent to Populists precincts, thereby defranchising in some instances 20 or 30 per cent. of the legal Populist voters. Reports show the negroes voted solidly against us in nearly every county. I confidently believe Wright is elected on a fair count of the votes as cast, in spite of tremendous frauds.

JOHN D. CUNNINGHAM,
Chairman Populist Executive Committe of Georgia.

Ninth Senatorial P. P. Convention.

The Senatorial Convention of the Populist party of the Ninth district met at Warsaw, October 6th, and was called to order by the chairman, O. L. Ward. E. M. Johnson, of Pender, was called upon to act as temporary chairman and John King, of Duplin, to act as secretary. Upon motion the temporary organization was made permanent. The Republican convention was in session and notified our convention that they desired a committee from our convention to confer with a similar committee of their convention in regard to fusion.

The following gentlemen were appointed committee:

Dr. M. Moore and C. C. Vann of Duplin, J. T. Oberry and D. A. Cogdell of Wayne, and Don. C. Sanders and E. M. Johnson of Pender.

Mr. O. L. Ward stated that a committee of the Democratic party was present and desired to co-operate with the Populists of the district and a committee was appointed to wait upon the Democratic committee to accept and bring their proposition before this convention for action.

During the absence of the committees Mr. Fowler, Populist nominee for Congress of the Third district, addressed the convention. The committee appointed to confer with the Democratic committee returned and stated that the Democratic committee would not submit their proposition for our consideration without the Populist convention would send them a written proposition in exchange for theirs, whereupon the convention decided that there were electioneering schemes being worked among the Democrats and they refused to make them any proposition. The Populist and Republican committees arranged fusion and R. G. Maxwell, of Duplin, was nominated be acclamation and H. L. Grant, of Wayne, the Rep. nominee, was endorsed. The Reps. endorsed Maxwell.

COL. O. H. DOCKERY AT LEXINGTON

Arraigned The Republican Leaders For Deserting Their Principles.

LEXINGTON, N. C., Oct. 10.—On the 8th inst, the people of Davidson had the pleasure of hearing Mr. W. S. Bailey, Populist Elector of the 4th District, and Col. O. H. Dockery, the People's Party nominee for Lieutenant Governor, speak at Lexington.

On account of the very short notice, only three or four days, the crowd was not large, but respectable in numbers. Mr. Bailey lead off in a short speech of about 20 minutes, in which he made a clear and forcible presentation of the necessity of free coinage of silver, in order to insure returning prosperity to the country, and he enforced his argument with facts and figures that impressed his hearers and will do good for the cause.

He was followed by Col. O. H. Dockery in an able and convincing speech, mainly on the silver issue; and it is a pity the whole county could not have heard him.

After reading the great warning of the great Vance, just before his death, against the danger to our liberties of aggregated capital and consequent corruption in the administration of our government, he proceeded to show how the money power, ever since the war, had influenced and controlled legislation in its own interest, first, by retiring greenbacks that cost only an average of 60 cents in the dollar, and issuing government interest-bearing bonds in their place, payable in gold, silver and other lawful money; then how they made these bonds payable in coin—then how, by demonetization of silver and the practice of the government, these bonds are now all paid in gold, in spite of the Mathews joint resolution of 1878 which declares that the contract on its face, requires the bondholder to receive coin—gold or silver—in payment of his bonds. And he made it plain that the money power by thus manipulating legislation had made money scarce and therefore dear, has enhanced the price of gold and depreciated the price of every thing else, silver included, and brought the people into a condition of suffering and heaped burdens upon them until there is no hope of relief unless the people, themselves, without regard to party names, unite as one man and march to the election and settle this great question in favor of the free coinage of silver; then we will once more be a free people, and no longer under the baneful influence of foreign powers; and with gold, silver and a proper amount of paper money in circulation, the farmer will obtain renumerative prices for his products, the laborer employment at good wages, and a season of general prosperity and happiness, once more dawn upon the country.

He showed that both gold and silver were the money of the Constitution, that they had been maintained at a parity by the fathers of the Republic, through free coinage of both, and he insisted that we could do what our fathers did. He emphasized the fact that it was the demonetization of silver that had sent it down, or rather had sent gold up, and that the parity could and would be restored and maintained by the admission of both metals alike to the mints.

After showing the inconsistency of McKinley in being for free silver up to a recent date and then suddenly favoring the gold standard when nominated for the Presidency, he declared that he himself stands where he always stood, for free coinage of silver, and that he could not vote for McKinley, but would vote for Bryan.

He arraigned Pritchard and others of the Republican party's would-be leaders in North Carolina, for their recent desertion of the cause of free silver and asserted and proved that they had gone back on their own record, and that they and not he had deserted the Republican party on this vital issue.

This is but a meager synopsis of his speech, which was one of great force and will do good; and such speeches—and he will doubtless continue to make them—will accomplish much for Bryan and free silver in North Carolina.

GARFIELD'S BROTHER BOLTS.

Says He is Opposed to Mark Hanna and the Gold Standard.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Oct. 8.—The Democrat will to-morrow publish a letter addressed to Chairman Watkins, of the Fusion silver State committee and signed by Thomas Garfield, a brother to the late President Garfield, in which the writer declares his opposition to the gold standard and continues:

"I was proud to be a Republican when Republican principles were voiced by Abraham Lincoln, President Grant, Jno. A. Logan and James A. Garfield, but I am opposed to having the principles of the Republican party voiced by the banker bond-holders of Lombard and Wall streets, through their agent, Mark Hanna. I am an American, hence I am opposed to consulting any other power in our American policy, and especially in finances."

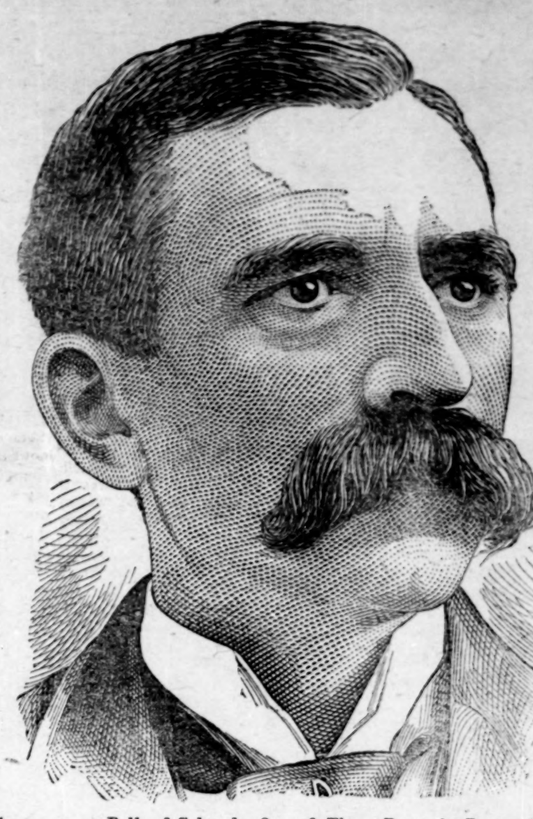
Hon. Cy Watson Has a Relapse.

It is with regret that we learn from the Winston Sentinel that Hon. C. B. Watson had a relapse yesterday. His fever rose and for a while he was delirious, making speeches as if out in the canvass.

It is feared that Mr. Watson will be unable to enter the canvass again.

FROM MAINE TO TEXAS.

The Tide of Public Opinion is all Favorable to Paine's Celery Compound.



Congressman Bell, of Colorado, One of Those Recently Restored to Health by Paine's Celery Compound.

There is just now no lack of news from the Western States.

Public opinion in Colorado and Iowa is as promptly and accurately heard of as from any New England State.

From all over the West come reports that Paine's celery compound occupies practically a clear field in the cure of diseases arising from a tired or otherwise impaired nervous system.

No other remedy was ever used by so many men of sound and reliable judgment. No remedy but Paine's celery compound has ever been recommended by so conspicuously fair minded a body of men and women. The half-hearted experimental efforts of scores and scores of sarsaparillas, tonics, and so-called nervines, with which the market is constantly recruited, are in startling contrast with the confident—because thoroughly scientific—way in which Paine's celery compound sets about restoring health and vigor to the worn out body

Why will people be silly enough to jeopardize their lives and lessen their chances of getting well by taking anything else?

There is no help so sure and so immediate as one gets from the use of Paine's celery compound. Detailed information of innumerable cases of rheumatism, neuralgia and dyspepsia, completely cured, has established this great invigorator as the most valuable remedy those run down in health can make use of.

Women whose stock of nervous energy was well nigh exhausted have been restored to a joyful, contented state of body and mind by this same great nerve and brain restorative.

Paine's celery compound is the greatest achievement in modern medicine. It banishes weakness and pain as surely as its famous contemporary, the electric light, dispels darkness.

Paine's celery compound frees the body of vicious humors that cause kidney and liver complaints. Only a great remedy based on a deep knowledge of these diseases could do the work that Paine's celery compound is now doing. Better nutrition for the nerves, an awakened appetite, purified blood and complete assimilation—these follow the conscientious use of Paine's celery compound as surely as day follows night.

If you are alarmed by a throbbing of the heart, an irritable stomach, or general debility, be fair with yourself, use the best means there is, examine what Paine's celery compound is doing. It has cured an astonishing number of men and women of Bright's disease, rheumatism, neuralgia, heart and liver trouble. No sufferer can pass lightly over the remarkable record that Paine's celery compound has to show to every sick and ailing person.

Among the thousands of testimonials received this year is one recently sent by Congressman John C. Bell, of Colorado, who says he has used three bottles of this best of all remedies for dyspepsia and rheumatism, with the most satisfactory results. Among the testimonials received since January there have been no less than 16 from Congressmen from different States.

Endorses Electoral Fusion.

For The Caucasian.]

TARBORO, N. C., Oct. 12.—Since our State committee has arranged fusion with the Democrats, it is the plain duty of every Populist to give loyal support to the whole electoral ticket, and thereby secure five Populist electors who will support Bryan and Watson and eleven votes for Bryan, who is our candidate as well as the Democrats. The silver question is one of the fundamental principles of our party, and was forced to the front in this campaign by the Populists. Without co-operating with the silver element of the Democratic party we cannot advance this principle, but would probably cause the defeat of Bryan in this State, and gain nothing for Watson. Let every Populist prove himself true to principle and secure as many votes as possible for our electoral ticket, as the election of Bryan is paramount to every other consideration.

In so doing we do not compromise our party.

Very respectfully,
W. E. FOUNTAIN.

Edgecombe County Executive Committee.

TARBORO, N. C., Oct. 12.—At a meeting of the Peoples Party Executive Committee of Edgecombe county held here on the 9th instant, the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, The Peoples Party, the Democratic party and the National Silver party have agreed upon a joint electoral ticket in this State upon the basis of five Democratic electors, five Peoples Party electors, and one National Silver Party, therefore be it

Resolved, That the Executive Committee of the Peoples Party of Edgecombe county hereby heartily endorses the action of our State Central Committee in effecting such an union of all the silver forces, whereby the State can be carried for that brilliant young statesman, magnificent type of American citizenship, and eloquent defender of the peoples rights, William Jennings Bryan of Nebraska.

We recognize the fact that financial reform, inaugurated by the Peoples Party, is paramount to every other consideration in American politics, and we sincerely urge our party adherents everywhere to give their earnest support to the whole electoral ticket as our greatest fundamental principles is therein involved. The present contest is one of the most vital in the history of our country, and it behooves us to stand loyally by our nominee for the Presidency.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to THE CAUCASIAN and Progressive Farmer, with the request that they be published.

F. B. LLOYD,
Secretary.

Reform papers please copy.

New Hanover County Populist Convention.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 6.—The Populist of New Hanover county held their county convention here to-day. It was a large and enthusiastic meeting. The convention was called to order by county chairman L. R. Mason. The roll of precincts being called, showing 14 out of 18 to be represented, after which the chairman declared the convention ready for business. L. R. Mason was elected temporary chairman and R. F. Gore secretary.

Resolutions favoring fusion with the Republicans on county offices was adopted and the following gentlemen appointed as a conference committee:

J. R. Melton, L. R. Mason, R. F. Gore, L. H. Bryant, and G. W. Rogers. The committee was given full power to act.

The new county ex committee reported to the convention that they had elected L. R. Mason county chairman and R. F. Gore county secretary for the next two years, which was unanimously endorsed by the convention.

L. R. MASON, Chairman.
R. F. GORE Secretary.

Escaped While The Guards Slept.

WELDON, N. C., Oct. 10.—All of the prisoners escaped from the temporary county jail last night, almost 15 in number. While the work on the newly remodelled jail the prisoners were placed in a small frame house in a corner of the jail yard, and several guards were placed on duty, day and night. One of the escaped prisoners, a deformed negro, came to Weldon this morning. He says all the guards were asleep and that they just walked out. This cannot be vouched for.

What you want when you are ailing is a medicine that will cure you. Try Hood's Sarsaparilla and be convinced of its merit.

RICE! RICE!

Parties having rice to sell will do well do well to communicate with our agents, or direct with us. We shall always pay the highest market price for rice.

CAROLINA RICE MILLS.
GOLDSBORO, N. C.

Do You Want A Teacher?

We can place you in correspondence with men or women of ability and experience. NO CHARGE.

Do You Need School Furniture?

Write for prices. We can save you money

Chas. J. Parker,
Manager Teachers' Aid Association
Raleigh, N. C.

HAGEY KING HEATER.

A WOOD STOVE.

Read what Hon. W. H. Worth, Treasurer of North Carolina, said about this wonderful stove when he was State Business Agent for North Carolina Alliance:

It affords me pleasure to testify to the merits of the Hagey King Heater, sold by the Julius Lewis Hardware Co., of Raleigh, N. C. It is unquestionably the best heating stove I ever used. It is very economical, burning at best only half as much wood as ordinary heating stoves, and one of the best points is that the fire is so easily controlled it never goes out unless you wish it to. I am using two at my residence and one at my office, and have sold a great many. It is particularly desirable for churches and schools, as well as residences. The wood does not have to be split, as the stove burns equally well knots, chunks, chips and odd ends of the wood pile.

W. H. WORTH,
State Business Agent N. C. State Farmers' Alliance.

PRICES REDUCED.

JULIUS LEWIS HARDWARE CO., Agents, Raleigh, N. C.
Manufactured by Shuford Hardware Co., Hickory, N. C.

ELKIN WOOLEN MILLS.

SHIP YOUR WOOL

THIS YEAR TO

The Chatham M'f'g Co., Elkin, N. C.

They have added a Tailoring Department this year

And make Suits to Order.

They have the largest woolen mill in the State. They do the largest custom business in the South, and their goods are the best you can buy for the money. Write them for samples.

BLANKETS SHOULD NEVER BE WASHED EXCEPT BY A BLANKET MANUFACTURER.

If you have blankets you want cleaned, the Chatham M'f'g Co. will wash, bleach, reknap and bind them in silk ribbon for only One Dollar a pair. They will look like new blankets.

OCCONEECHEE FARM. U.S.C.

Headquarters for the Best, Only.

BREEDERS OF PRIZE WINNERS OF THE FOLLOWING VARIETIES:

Mammoth Bronze and White Holland Turkeys, Barred and White Plymouth Rocks, Brown and White Leghorns, Light Brahmas, Indian and Pit Games, Buff Cochins, Silver-Laced Wyandottes, White Guineas, Pekin Ducks, Muscovy Ducks, Pea Fowls and Fan-tail Pigeons.

Fowls and Eggs For Sale at All Times.

66 PRIZES WON THE PAST TWO YEARS. ALSO Shropshire and Dorset Sheep out of Imported Ewes by Imported Bucks. Best Bred Black Essex and Red Jersey Pigs. Best Strain Registered Jersey Cattle. Royally Bred Colts and Fillies, fine as split silk. You Get Pedigreed Stock If You Buy of Us.

EVERYTHING GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED.

ADDRESS OCCONEECHEE FARM, DURHAM, N C

AGENTS WANTED.

Within the next few weeks we are desirous of securing a good business man in every county in Eastern North Carolina to manage and supervise the sale of the

Ordway Portable Spring Bed.

No experience is required. The only requirements are live, energetic business men who desire honest and profitable employment.

Agents Make $100 per Month

by supervising the sale and delivering of Springs by sub-agents who work under their directions. Agents need not leave their office or neglect any business in which they may now be engaged.

No one need apply who does not mean business and can furnish good references. For particulars, address,

BUTLER BROTHERS,
Sole Managers for North Carolina,
CLINTON, N. C.

DR. BRUN'S FOR EITHER SEX. This remedy being injected directly to the seat of those diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no change of diet. Cure guaranteed in 1 to 5 days. Small plain package, by mail, $1.00 Sold only by

G & C CURE

MacRae's
Prescription Pharmacies,
Cor. Wilmington, Martin & Market Sts.—Phone 37.
Branch Pharmacy, cor. Fayetteville and Martin Sts.—Phone 197.
Raleigh, N. C.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

DR. HOFMANN.

FREE!

I WILL SEND (SEALED) free, Old Doctor Hofmann's recipe that will develop, SMALL, SHRUNKEN ORGANS. It cured me of LOST MANHOOD, Self-Abuse, Nightly Emissions, etc. Address, DR. A. KOENIG, Box 1619, Kalamazoo, Mich.

Alfred Williams & Co.,
Booksellers.
RALEIGH, N. C.
PROMPTNESS
GIVEN ALL ORDERS
CATALOGUE FREE

Vitality In Men Restored.

Failing Sexual strength in old or young men can be quickly and permanently cured by me to a healthy, vigorous state. Sufferers from

Varicocele, NERVOUS DEBILITY, Night Losses,

.....AND OTHER WASTING

DISEASES should write to me for advice. I have been a close student for many years of the subject of weakness in men; the fact is, I was a sufferer myself. Too bashful to seek the aid of older men or reputable physicians, I investigated the subject deeply and discovered a simple, but most remarkably successful remedy that completely cured me, and fully developed me from a shrunken, stunted condition to natural strength and size.

I want every young or old man to know about it. I take a personal interest in such cases and no one need hesitate to write me as all communications are held strictly confidential. I send the recipe of this remedy absolutely free of cost. Do not put it off, but write me fully at once; you will always bless the day you did so. Address, enclosing stamp,

THOMAS SLATER, Box 975
Shipper of Famous Kalamazoo Celery, KALAMAZOO, MICH.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Mary Utley, deceased, late of Wake county, this is to notify all persons having claims against the said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 26th day of September, 1898, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery, and all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment.

J. P. GOODWIN, Admr.
Sept. 26, 1895. 6t—Nov. 5.

Mortgage Sale!

BY virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage deed executed on the 20th day of December, 1887, by W. S. Ray and wife, C. A. Ray, to John M. Crenshaw, which mortgage is duly recorded in the office of Register of Deeds of Wake county, in Book 101, page 71, I shall sell for cash to the highest bidder at public auction at the court house door in Raleigh, N. C., on Monday, October 19th, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon, the lands described in said morgage deed as follows: Lying in Wake county, North Carolina, and Oak Grove township. Lying on the waters of Laurel Creek, adjoining the lands of Mrs. Gray, J. R. Ray, A. D. Rogers, and others, it being the land upon which the said Willis S. Ray now lives, containing one hundred and six acres more or less.

JNO. M. CRENSHAW.
FLEMING & MOFFITT, Attorneys.

Pattern Department.

THE CAUCASIAN has made special arrangements with the publishers of the most stylish, accurate and perfect-fitting paper patterns that are made, by which we can present to our lady readers all of the very newest and choicest patterns of garments for ladies, misses and children for 10 cents. Full and explicit directions for putting together the garments accompany each pattern. These descriptions and the patterns themselves have many novel and practical features presented by no other pattern made and which render them as simple for the home worker as for the professional dressmaker. Address all communications to the Pattern Department, THE CAUCASIAN.

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Pattern No.....
Bust.....in
Waist.....in

An Autumn Wrap.

998—BERKSHIRE CAPE.

Sizes—Medium and large.

The ever popular cape never loses its attractiveness as long as designers succeed in imparting such a stylish air, and make them so becoming. Our pattern, the "Berkshire," is designed for traveling and street wear, and as illustrated is made of tan-colored box cloth, and trimmed with straps of the same, finished with rows of stitching, and ornamented with pearl buttons. It is lined throughout with Dresden taffeta, and the high collar can be faced with the cloth or with velvet. The pattern can be used also for dressier wraps of silk, satin or velvet, trimmed with over-lapping frills of gauze or lace, and surround the shoulders with a mass of fluffiness.

A special illustration and full directions about the pattern will be found on the envelope in which it is enclosed.

Pockets in Gowns.

English tailors make some of their gowns with two pockets on the sides of the front gore of the skirt, the openings covered with machine-stitched tabs. An excellent idea, as it prevents one pocket being filled with purse, handkerchief, keys, etc., to the detriment of the hang of the drapery, and the eventual sagging of one side of the skirt, and it will be a great matter for a woman for once in her pocket to find her dress-pocket without a general search for it.

Two Stylish Cloths.

Smooth-faced cloths are conspicuous among the autumn novelties, and brown, green and rich shades in blue seem to be equally fashionable colors.

The soft satin foulards will probably lose the popularity they gained during the spring and summer, and their place be taken by the crisp taffetas again. Some of the new printed taffetas have a peculiar sheen that is neither a moire nor an iridescent effect, but something quite new and lovely.

Repped Wool Costumes,

Sage-gray cloth repped wool costumes are made with vests of fawn-colored drap d'ete laid in tiny pleats edged with very fine gold braid, with narrow panels of the drap d'ete showing between slashed portions of the skirt. These panels are crossed all the way down the length of the skirt with rows of gold braid set in clusters, about five inches of plain fawn-colored cloth showing between each cluster.

Princess Dresses Again.

Handsome princess dresses appear among imported French models for day and evening wear alike, and these are made of velvet, cloth, corduroy, brocade, plain and fancy silks and satins, sheer wools and regal moires, brocaded with raised satin figures, a deeper shade than the watered background.

AERIAL TELEPHONERY.

Say, hidden nymph of shy echo,
Will Bill McKinley to Washington go?
Please answer at once, yes or no?
"No!"

The silver craze is dead, we're told;
Excuse me if I seem too bold—
Which will get left, silver or gold?
"Gold!"

Say if you will, who is fitted best
To sit in the White House chair to rest
Ohio's "Mc" or the man from the West?
"West!"

Who jumped on the golden calf in style
And rode two-forty to the mile
Without applying horse-car ile?
"Carlisle!"

Curious to know things as you see,
What initial of the "A B C"
After the election will honored be?
"B!"

—HARRY HURT.

Subscribe for the weekly CAUCASIAN $1.00 a year.

Who is the Anarchist?

[Continued From First Page.

American Bluebeard, who slays his workers instead of his wives.

"The skeletons of the Seamen's Union, the Miners' Union, and the Street Car Mens' Union hang bleeding in his closet!

HANNA HIS OWNERS AND TYRANT.

"When McKinley was governor of Ohio, Hanna was his guardian. Therefore, in criticising Bryan's opponent, we look not at the servant, but at the master—not at McKinley, the most pitiable figurehead in public life today, but to Hanna, his owner and tyrant.

"No man's character can be described by his private relations with his family. He may be like the late Czar of Russia, a 'good husband and father,' but so is every tiger and wild beast.

"Before granting any man the diploma of morality we ask what the influence of his career has been upon fellow-men. If he has gone through life as an elephant goes a forest, crashing and breaking a pathway for himself alone, or as a devil-fish crawls through the sea, grasping and sucking the life blood from every living thing in reach, how can we entrust such a man with the responsibilities and authority of public office?

"Give Hanna four years of power and he will paint the White House black!

"He will utterly destroy every vestage of trades unionism, for he will have the army, the navy, and the treasury at his command. He will discover that it is cheaper to abolish manhood suffrage than to buy votes; and next November may be the last chance that moneyless men ever may have to record their vote for President. Many Republican working men are thoughtlessly going to the ballot box just as an ox goes to a barbecue—gaily decorated in honor of its own death.

"Mayor Pingree gave us a national motto when he said: 'Give the people what they want.' I am not one of those who regard the people as dangerous, covetous animals who must be chained and muzzled. The experiment of the referendum in Switzerland has proved that when the people are left entirely free they are naturally conservative. French revolutions never occur except when some King Louis has repressed the people and goaded them to resistance. 'I am the state,' said the boastful king, and the people replied with the guillotine.

"I trust in the common heart of all more than in the private scheming of any financial syndicate. I don't excuse the ignorance of the masses, I don't celebrate their poverty, I don't ignore their frailties, but I say that they are far nearer the truth regarding all social and political problems than those hoodlum students of Yale, whose only argument is an insane college yell.

It is time to co-operate and enjoy the creation of our hands; otherwise all the energy, and daring, and inventiveness of our fathers has come to naught. I do not believe that Columbus discovered America for Hanna, or that the monopolist is the last and highest product of human evolution.

THE TRUE MOTHER.

Fitting the Story of Solomon and the Two Women to Financial Reform.

Denver Road.]

In this campaign of give and take among silver advocates no party has the bulge on the other. People who abuse the Populists for their action at St. Louis must remember that it is a question just now who loves the Populist platform the best. The mother of the principles expressed in it is the same old bewhiskered anarchist known as the Pop—and no stepmother business goes.

If the lovers of silver really love silver as well as they pretend, they might give in just a little and concede something to the mother on the tail end of the ticket. The true mother principle has been shown by the Pops. As the true mother of silver they yielded to the Bryan men rather than see the baby destroyed.

We are told in Holy Writ that upon one occasion a dispute arose between two women as to which was the mother of a child. The dispute was submitted to King Solomon, who, with that wonderful common sense that has made his name synonomous with wisdom through all the ages, ordered that, inasmuch as there was no way to decide as to the child's maternity, that the child should be split in twain and one-half given to one woman and the other half to the other woman. When this order was about to be carried into effect one woman smiled and looked on with satisfaction. The other, with true motherly instinct, cried out: "No, no! Do not kill the child, but spare its life and give it to the other woman." Whereupon King Solomon rendered the verdict that the true mother of the child was the woman who wanted to preserve its life and was willing to make even such a sacrifice to do so. So in this campaign the People's Party will prove to the American jury—America's King Solomon—that it is the true mother of financial reform and the true friend and guardian of the interests of the American people.

THE SEABOARD'S SALE.

No Doubt That The Control Has Changed Hands—President Hoffman and General Manager St. John to be Retained.

Richmond Dispatch.]

There seems to be no reasonable doubt that the controlling interest in the Seaboard Air-Line has been sold to the syndicate headed by Thomas F. Ryan and Col. George B. Harvey, of New York, and that the road will henceforth be conducted on a policy of peaceful and regulated competition, is a foregone conclusion.

The details of the transfer were completed Tuesday at Norfolk, and the property is now virtually in new hands. It is stated, however, on the authority of Colonel Harvey, who spoke in behalf of the purchasing syndicate, that the Seaboard was not bought for the Southern, but on the contrary will be operated in connection with the Port Royal and Augusta road. This line is controlled by Messrs. Thomas and Ryan, who gained prominence in railroad circles as the reorganizers of the Georgia Central railroad.

Under the terms by which the transfer of the Seaboard stock was made, about 4,000 shares which had been held in pool by Judge Watts, of Portsmouth, Va.; Alexander McLean, of Baltimore, and Moncure Robinson, of Philadelphia, were bought in at about $110 a share, and in order to bind the bargain a big cash bonus was deposited.

The circumstances leading up to the purchase of the pooled control of the Seaboard were marked with surprises, especially to President Hoffman, who had journeyed to Portsmouth, believing confidently that he controlled nine-tenths of the stock. He was unaware that the Ryan syndicate together with General Gill, President of the Mercantile Trust Company, which has been the Seaboard's fiscal agency and backer, were doing missionary work among the holders of stock, and hence, the announcement before the annual meeting of Seaboard stockholders, that the controlling interest had passed out of his hands, came to him in the nature of a thunderbolt shock.

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PEOPLES PARTY STATE PLATFORM.

The Peoples Party platform of North Carolina, in convention assembled at Raleigh, on the 13th day of August, 1896, hereby reaffirms its unqualified allegiance to the principles of the party, and hereby approves the platform of the Peoples Party adopted at its National convention held in the city of St. Louis, July 22nd, 1896.

THE ELECTION LAW.

We hereby reaffirm our fixed determination to support and maintain a free ballot and a fair count in all elections held in North Carolina; and the election law passed by the General Assembly of 1895 meets our hearty endorsement and approval; and we hereby pledge the Peoples Party to the policy of upholding the principle of free and honest elections provided for in said election law, and warn the voters of the State against the threats which have been made to repeal the same.

COUNTY GOVERNMENT.

The act of the last General Assembly restoring to the right of local self government by the election of their county commissioners and justices of the peace by the vote of the people in the respective counties, and the safe-guards therein provided, meets with our hearty approval, and we pledge the Peoples Party to the continued support and maintenance of that legislation, and warn the voters of the necessity of preventing injurious changes in that act, and of the danger of electing members of the General Assembly hostile thereto.

LEGAL TENDER MONEY.

We favor the exercise by the State of North Carolina of the reserved constitutional power to make all gold and silver coins of the United States (including the trade dollar) a legal tender for the payment of debts, and that this right be inforced by the passage of an appropriate act by the General Assembly.

GOLD NOTES AND MORTGAGES.

We believe that all money demands should be payable in the lawful money of the United States without preference or discrimination, and therefore favor the passage by the General Assembly of a law to prohibit the taking or giving of gold notes, bonds and mortgages in this State, and the making of all money demands solvable in any kind of lawful money of the United States.

INTEREST.

We pledge ourselves to maintain the six per cent. interest law enacted by the last General Assembly.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The action of the Peoples Party members of the last General Assembly has demonstrated, beyond question, that the Peoples Party has been true to its antecedent platform declarations in favor of public education. We demand still further improving and broadening the public school system of the State as rapidly as a proper regard for the interests of the tax payers and the resources of the State will permit. We also favor such revision of our present school system as may increase the efficiency of our public schools and insure the most competent and effective supervision. We think that the committee on Education of the next General Assembly should invite and secure, as far as possible, the co-operation of the leading teachers and educators of the State in framing and perfecting the school law.

JUDICIARY.

Our judiciary should be lifted above the plane of partisan politics.

REFOMATORY FOR YOUNG CRIMINALS.

We favor the establishment of a State institution for the reformation of young criminals.

DEMOCRATIC ADMINISTRATION CONDEMNED.

We condemn the Democratic administration in North Carolina for its failure to execute the anti-trust laws of the State now on our statute books, and call the attention of the people to the fact that official action in this regard is not in harmony with the ultra anti-trust sentiment heretofore and now being expressed by the leaders of the Democratic party.

RAILROADS.

We favor the establishment of such equitable and low freight rates and charges for products shipped from North Carolina as will enable shippers and producers to realize at least a fair remuneration after costs of such shipments have been deducted.

We call especial attention to the possibilities of the trucking industry in Eastern North Carolina, an industry which, but for the extortionate tariffs of the common carrier, would increase an hundred fold, carrying with it the greatest prosperity to that highly favored section it has ever known.

We earnestly recommend to our State Railroad Commission that they use all the powers they have to bring about such reductions; and especially that they urge before the Inter-State Commerce Commission all complaints of extortion and discrimination with such vigor and continuity that should they fail to secure remedial action by the Inter-State Commerce Commission, all the people would know where to place the responsibility for existing outrages; and if their facilities for fighting the battles of the people before the Inter-State Commerce Commission are inadequate for that purpose, that they make recommendation to the General Assembly of amendments to existing laws, to the end that low and fairer rates may be established, both in the State and Inter-State jurisdictions.

Resolved, That we recommend a constitutional prohibition of the purchase, lease or rental of parallel or competing railway lines.

FREE PASSES.

We favor a law forbidding the giving of free passes to public officials, and forbidding their receiving the same.

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD LEASE.

We condemn the lease of the North Carolina Railroad to the Southern Railway Company for ninety-nine years, not only as a bad business transaction in which the interests of the State amounting to the large sum of $3,000,000 invested in good paying property yielding an income, were sacrificed; but we also, in most emphatic terms condemn the hasty and secret manner in which it was done several years before the former thirty years' lease, by its terms, would have expired. We call the attention of the people of the State to the fact that some mysterious power has prevented an investigation through the proper legal channels, of this transaction, which was so universally condemned by the press of the State and all classes of our citizens, when it first became known. We therefore demand that the next General Assembly fully investigate this transaction, and to the end that the interests of the State may be fully protected as far as it can be done, such legislative action shall be taken as to counteract, as far as possible, this unwise and secret transaction.

REMOVAL OF CASES.

The removal of cases from the State courts to the Federal courts for trial wherein the plaintiffs are poor persons and defendants rich foreign corporations, on application of defendants, is a growing evil in North Carolina, and in its practical operation frequently amounts to a denial of justice to poor suitors, and therefore should be condemned. We demand, therefore, that the next General Assembly shall pass such a general statute on this subject as to take from such corporations doing business in this State the privilege of carrying on business in North Carolina, and withdrawing the protection of the State extended to their business, if they persist in escaping the jurisdiction of our courts when claims are sought to be enforced against them therein.

We advocate such legislation as will insure a just listing and taxation of all evidences of debt, and make an equitable adjustment of the burden of taxation between the debtor and a creditor.

REDUCTION OF SALARIES.

In order to keep our public servants in thorough touch and sympathy with the oppressed masses, and to check to some extent the scramble for office, we demand a reduction of salaries until such time as through an increase of the currency the price of property and products will justify the present rates.

The Peoples Party National Platform.

Following is the Populist platform as adopted:

"The Peoples Party assembled in National convention, reaffirms its allegiance to the principles declared by the founders of the Republic and also to the fundamental principles of just government as enunciated in the platform of the party in 1892. We recognize that through the connivance of the present and preceding administrations, the country has reached a crisis in its National life as predicted in our declaration four years ago, and that prompt and patriotic action is the supreme duty of the hour. We realize that while we have political independence our financial and industrial independence is yet to be attained by restoring to our country the constitutional control and exercise of the functions necessary to a people's government, which functions have been basely surrendered by our public servants to corporate monopolies. The influence of European money changers has been more potent in shaping legislation than the voice of the American people. Executive power and patronage have been used to corrupt our legislatures to defeat the will of the people and plutocracy has been enthroned upon the ruins of Democracy. To restore the government intended by the fathers and for the welfare and prosperity of this and future generations, we demand the establishment of an economic and financial system which shall make us masters of our own affairs, and independent of European control by the adoption of the following:

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

1. We demand a National money, safe and sound issued by the general government only without the intervention of banks of issue, to be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, so that a just, equitable and efficient means of distribution may be made direct to the people and through the lawful disbursement of the government.

2. We demand the free and unrestricted coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the consent of foreign nations.

3. We demand the volume of circulating medium be speedily increased to an amount sufficient to meet the demands of the business people of this country and to restore the just level of prices of labor and production.

4. We denounce the sale of bonds and the increase of the public interest-bearing bond debt made by the present administration as unnecessary and without authority of law and that no more bonds be issued except by specific act of Congress.

5. We demand such legal legislation as will prevent the demonetization of the lawful money of the United States by private contract.

6. We demand that the government in payment of its obligations shall use its options as to the kind of lawful money in which they are to be paid and we denounce the present and preceding administration for surrendering this option to the holders of government obligations.

7. We demand a graduated income tax to the end that aggregated wealth shall bear its just proportion of taxation and we denounce the Supreme court, relative to the income tax law, as a misinterpretation of the constitution and an invasion of the rightful powers of Congress over the subject of taxation.

8. We demand that postal savings banks be established by the government for the safe deposit of the savings of the people and to facilitate exchange.

RAILROADS.

1. Transportation being a means of exchange and a public necessity, the government should own and operate the railroads in the interest of the people on a non-partisan basis; to the end that all may be accorded the same treatment in transportation, and that the tyranny and political power now exercised by the great railroad corporations, which results in the impairment if not the destruction of the political rights and personal liberties of the citizens, may be destroyed. Such ownership is to be accomplished gradually in a manner consistent with sound policy.

2. The interest of the United States in the public highways built with public moneys, and the proceeds of extensive grants of land to the Pacific railroad should never be alienated, mortgaged or sold, but guarded and protected for the general welfare, as provided by the laws of organizing such railroads. The foreclosure of existing liens of the United States on these roads should at once follow default in the payment thereof of the debt of companies, and at the foreclosure sales of said roads the government shall purchase the same if it becomes necessary to protect its interest therein or if they can be purchased at a reasonable price; and the government shall operate said railroads as public highways for the benefit of the whole people and not in the interest of the few, under suitable provisions for protection of life and property; giving to all transportation interests and privileges and equal rates for fares and freight.

3. We denounce the present infamous schemes for refunding these debts and demand that the laws now applicable thereto be executed and administered according to their true intent and spirit.

4. The telegraph, like the postoffice system, being a necessity for the transmission of news should be owned and operated by the government in the interest of people.

LAND.

1. The true policy demands that the national and State legislation shall be such as will ultimately enable every prudent and industrious citizen to secure a home, and therefore the land should not be monopolized for speculative purposes.

"All lands now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of their actual needs, should by lawful means be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only, and private land monopoly as well as alien ownership should be prohibited.

2. We condemn the frauds by which the land grants to the Pacific Railroad companies have, through connivance of the Interior department, robbed multitudes of actual bonafide settlers of their homes and miners of their claims, that we demand legislation by Congress which will enforce the exemption of mineral land from such grants after, as well as before patent.

3. We demand that bonafide settlers on all public lands be provided free homes and be provided for in the national Homestead law, and that no exception be made in the case of Indian reservations when opened for settlement, and that all lands not now patented come under this demand.

DIRECT LEGISLATION.

4. We favor a system of direct legislation through the initiative and referendum under proper constitutional safeguards.

GENERAL PROPOSITIONS.

1. We demand the election of President and Vice-President and United States Senators by a direct vote of the people.

2. We tender to the patriotic people of Cuba our deepest sympathy in their heroic struggle for political freedom and independence, and we believe the time has come when the United States, the great Republic of the world, should recognize that Cuba is and of right ought to be a free and independent state.

3. We favor home rule in the Territories and the District of Columbia, and the early admission of Territories as States.

4. All public salaries should be made to correspond to the price of labor and its products.

5. In times of great industrial depression, idle labor should be employed on public works as far as practicable.

6. The arbitrary course of the courts in assuming to imprison citizens for indirect contempt and ruling by injunction, should be prevented by proper legislation.

7. We favor just pensions for our disabled Union soldiers.

8. Believing that the election franchise and untrammeled ballot are essential to a government of, for, and by the people, the Peoples Party condemns the wholesale system of disfranchisement adopted in some States as un-Republican and un-Democratic, and we declare it to be the duty of the several State legislatures to take such action as will secure a full, free and fair ballot and an honest count.

9. While the foregoing propositions constitute the platform upon which our party stands and for the vindication of which its organization will maintain, we recognize that the great and pressing issue of the pending campaign upon which the present Presidential election will turn is the financial question, and upon this great and specific issue between the parties, we cordially invite the aid and co-operation of all organizations and citizens agreeing with us upon this vital question.

THE ALLIANCE DEMANDS.

Whereas, The declaration of independence, as a basis for a republican form of government that might be progressive and perpetual, states:

"That all men are created equal, that they are endowed with certain inalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, that to secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed."

We hold, therefore, that to restore and preserve these rights under a republican form of government, private monopolies of public necessities for speculatives purposes, whether of the means of production, distribution or exchange, should be prohibited, and whenever any such public necessity or utility becomes a monopoly in private hands, the people of the municipality, state or union, as the case may be, shall appropriate the same by right of eminent domain, paying a just value therefor, and operate them for, and in the interest of, the whole people.

FINANCE.

We demand a national currency, safe, sound and flexible; issued by the general government only; a full legal tender for all debts and receivable for all dues, and an equitable and efficient means of distribution of this currency, directly to the people, at the minimum of expense and without the intervention of banking corporations and in sufficient volume to transact the business of the country on a cash basis.

(a) We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the legal ratio of 16 to 1

(b) We demand a graduated income tax.

(c) That our national legislation shall be so framed in the future as not to build up one industry at the expense of another.

(d) We believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand that all national and state revenues shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the government economically and honestly administered.

(e) We demand that postal savings banks be established by the government for the safe deposits of the savings of the people, and to facilitate exchange.

(f) We are unalterably opposed to the issue by the United States, of interest-bearing bonds, and demand the payment of all coin obligations of the United States, as provided by existing laws, in either gold or silver coin, at the option of the government and not at the option of the creditor.

TRANSPORTATION.

(a) The government shall purchase or construct and operate a sufficient mileage of railroads to effectually control all rates of transportation on a just and equitable basis.

(b) The telegraph and telephone, like the postoffice system, being a necessity for the transmission intelligence, should be owned and operated by the government in the interest of the people.

LAND.

We demand that no land shall be held by corporations for speculative purposes or by railroads in excess of their needs as carriers, and all lands now owned by aliens should be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only.

ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS.

We demand the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people. That each state shall be divided into two districts of nearly equal voting population, and that a senator from each shall be elected by the people of the district.

DIRECT LEGISLATION.

Relying upon the good, common sense of the American people, and believing that a majority of them, when uninfluenced by party prejudice, will vote right on all questions submitted to them on their merits; and further to effectually annihilate the pernicious lobby in legislation, we demand direct legislation by means of the initiative and referendum.

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National Association of Peoples Party Clubs.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 2, 1896.—Political Club organization has proven one of the most effective adjuncts to campaign work that has ever been devised. The present campaign has brought into existence more clubs than any other known in the history of the country. The Peoples Party must not lag behind the procession. There should be a Peoples Party Club in every township in America and, where the party is strong, in every school district. There should be one in each village, and in each city clubs should be organized by wards. These clubs can be not only an important help in the present campaign, but they can also be a permanent good to the party.

Here is the plan: Let each State committee recommend, through the public press and through the regular party organization, the starting of Populists clubs in every precinct in the State. No organizers are necessary for this, although State organizers and county organizers may be appointed. But in the main the people should organize for themselves. These clubs are to be open, are to hold weekly meetings during the campaign and after that as often as they see fit. They are to report the names of their officers (Chairman, Secretary and Treasurer) at once to the National Committee, together with a nominal charter fee of, say One Dollar. The National Committee will in turn forward a charter and enroll the club as a member of the National Association of Peoples Party Clubs. These clubs are to have public discussions, are to distribute literature which will be sent to them from National and State Headquarters, are to attend rallies in a body, are to do quiet work, to make converts in the neighborhoods in which they are organized; and are in every way practicable to lend enthusiasm, energy and effectiveness to the campaign. No initiation fee shall be charged, and no dues other than those voluntarily contributed. No dues shall be paid either to State or National Committees other than voluntary contributions, except the charter fee, which is to be turned at once into the National campaign fund. Literature will be sent out from National Headquarters to every club organization, the club in turn becoming responsible for its proper distribution.

At present organizations, such as legions, alliances, Silver clubs, Populists clubs, Bryan clubs, and other organizations which endorse the principles of the Peoples party, should immediately send names of officers, together with charter fee, direct to these Headquarters and become at once enrolled in the National Organization.

The Peoples Party papers should at once advocate this plan of club organization. It has the sanction of the National Executive committee and will be handled directly from National Headquarters. All reports and correspondence concerning this matter should be directed to J. A. EDGERTON, Secretary Populist National Committee, Wormley Hotel, Washington, D. C.

MARION BUTLER, Chairman.
J. A. EDGERTON, Secretary.

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